N9042B UXA X-Series Signal Analyzer, Multi-touch

2 Hz to 26.5, 44 or 50 GHz





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Definitions and Conditions

This data sheet provides performance information for Keysight N9042B Signal Analyzers.

Specifications describe the performance of parameters covered by the product warranty and apply to temperature ranges 15 to 40 °C, unless otherwise noted.

95th percentile values indicate the breadth of the population (approx. 2σ) of performance tolerances expected to be met in 95 percent of the cases with a 95 percent confidence, for any ambient temperature in the range of 20 to 30 °C. In addition to the statistical observations of a sample of instruments, these values include the effects of the uncertainties of external calibration references. These values are not warranted. These values are updated occasionally if a significant change in the statistically observed behavior of production instruments is observed.

Typical values (typ) describe additional product performance information that is not covered by the product warranty. It is performance beyond specifications that 80 percent of the units exhibit with a 95 percent confidence level over the temperature range 20 to 30 °C. Typical performance does not include measurement uncertainty.

Nominal values (nom) indicate expected performance or describe product performance that is useful in the application of the product but are not covered by the product warranty.

The analyzer will meet its specifications when:

- It is within its calibration cycle
- Under auto couple control, except that Auto Sweep Time Rules = Accy
- For signal frequencies < 10 MHz, DC coupling applied.
- Analyzer is used in environment that falls within allowed operating range; and has been in that environment at least 2 hours before being turned on.
- Analyzer has been turned on at least 30 minutes with AutoAlign set to Normal; or, if Auto Align is set to Off or Partial, alignments must have been run recently enough to prevent an Alert message. Note that factory default is with the AutoAlign set to Light, which (compared to Normal) allows wider temperature changes before causing Alignments to run automatically. The benefit is that Alignments interrupt less frequently. The user can change AutoAlign to Normal if desired, and this setting will persist after power cycle or PRESET. If the Alert condition is changed from "Time and Temperature" to one of the disabled duration choices, the analyzer may fail to meet specifications without informing the user. In practice, the impact of such choices is primarily on Absolute Amplitude Accuracy.
- The term "mixer level" is used as a condition for many specifications in this document. This term is a conceptual quantity that is defined as follows: Mixer Level (dBm) = RF Input Power Level (dBm) (Mechanical Attenuation) (dB) (Electronic Attenuation) (dB).
- The term "attenuation" is used for many specifications in this document; this refers to the Mechanical Attenuator, unless otherwise stated.



| Common abbreviations | |
|----------------------|---|
| BW | bandwidth |
| FBP | full bypass path |
| FFT | fast Fourier transform |
| IQ | in-phase quadrature-phase (sample data) |
| IVL | Individual validated license (for export to restricted countries) |
| LNA | low-noise amplifier |
| LNP | low-noise path |
| LO | local oscillator |
| PA | pre-amplifier |
| MPB | microwave preselector bypass |
| RBW | resolution bandwidth (filter) |
| VBW | video bandwidth (filter) |



Frequency and Time Specifications

| Frequency option | | Frequency range | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| 526 | | 2 Hz to 26.5 GHz | | |
| 544 | | 2 Hz to 44 GHz | | |
| 550 | | 2 Hz to 50 GHz | | |
| Minimal frequency | | | | |
| PA off, LNA off | | 2 Hz | | |
| PA on | | 9 kHz | | |
| LNA on | | 30 MHz | | |
| Swept spectrum analysi | s (these bands are no | t applicable to wide-bandwidth IQ analysis) | | |
| Swept frequency band | LO multiple (N) | Frequency range | | |
| 0 | 1 | 2 Hz to 3.6 GHz | | |
| 1 | 1 | 3.5 to 8.4 GHz | | |
| 2 | 2 | 8.3 to 13.6 GHz | | |
| 3 | 2 | 13.5 to 17.1 GHz | | |
| 4 | 4 | 17.0 to 26.5 GHz | | |
| 5 | 4 | 26.4 to 34.5 GHz | | |
| 6 | 8 | 34.4 to 50 GHz | | |
| Frequency reference | | | | |
| Accuracy (total) | | ± [(Initial accuracy) + (aging rate x time since last adjustment) + (temperature stability)] | | |
| Aging rate | | ± 3 x 10-8 / year | | |
| Temperature stability, full te | emperature range | ± 4.5 x 10-9 | | |
| Achievable initial calibration | | ± 3.1 x 10-8 | | |
| Example frequency reference accuracy 1 year after last adjustment | | $= \pm (3 \times 10^{-8} + 4.5 \times 10^{-9} + 3.1 \times 10^{-8})$ = \pm 6.6 \times 10^{-8} | | |
| Residual FM | | | | |
| (Center frequency = 1 GHz, 10 Hz RBW, 10 Hz VBW) | | \leq (0.25 Hz x N) p-p in 20 ms nominal (N = LO multiple, see band table above) | | |
| Frequency readout accu | racy (start, stop, cent | er, marker) | | |
| | • • | y + 0.10 % x span + 5 % x RBW + 2 Hz + 0.5 x horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution | | |
| Marker frequency count | er | | | |
| Accuracy | | ± (marker frequency x frequency reference accuracy + 0.100 Hz) | | |
| Delta counter accuracy | | ± (delta frequency x frequency reference accuracy + 0.141 Hz) | | |
| Counter resolution | | 0.001 Hz | | |
| Frequency span (FFT ar | nd swept mode) | | | |
| Range | | 0 Hz (zero span), 10 Hz to maximum frequency of instrument | | |
| Resolution | | 2 Hz | | |
| Accuracy | | | | |
| Stepped/Swept | | + (0.1.% x shap + borizontal resolution) where borizontal resolution is shap//succes points. | | |
| FFT | | \pm (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) \pm (0.1 % x span + horizontal resolution) where horizontal resolution is span/(sweep points -1) | | |
| Sweep time and triggeri | na | | | |
| oncep une and unggen | - | 1 up to 6000 p | | |
| Range | Span = 0 Hz | 1 µs to 6000 s | | |
| | Span ≥ 10 Hz | 1 ms to 4000 s | | |
| Acourcov | Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept | ± 0.01% nominal | | |
| Accuracy | Span ≥ 10 Hz, FFT | ± 40% nominal | | |
| | Span = 0 Hz or FET | ± 0.01% nominal | | |
| Trigger Delay | Span = 0 Hz or FFT Span ≥ 10 Hz, swept | -150 to +500 ms 0 to 500 ms | | |
| Trigger Delay | | | | |
| | Resolution | 0.1 µs | | |



| Time gating | |
|---|---|
| Gate methods | Gated LO; gated video; gated FFT |
| Gate length range (except method = FFT) | 1 µs to 5.0 s |
| Gate delay range | 0 to 100.0 s |
| Gate delay jitter | 33.3 ns p-p nominal |
| Sweep (trace) point range | |
| All spans | 3 to 100,001 |
| Resolution bandwidth (RBW) (see also IQ Analy | |
| Range (with –3 dB bandwidth, standard) | 1 Hz to 3 MHz (10% steps), 4, 5, 6, 8, 10 MHz |
| Bandwidth accuracy (power) | |
| | A |
| RBW range | |
| 1 Hz to 100 kHz | ± 0.5% (± 0.022 dB) |
| 110 kHz to 1.0 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 1.0% (± 0.044 dB) |
| 1.1 to 2 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 0.07 dB (nominal) |
| 2.2 to 3 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 0.10 dB (nominal) |
| 4 to 10 MHz (< 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 0.20 dB (nominal) |
| Bandwidth accuracy (-3 dB) | |
| RBW range | Accuracy |
| 1 Hz to 1.3 MHz | ± 2% (nominal) |
| 1.5 MHz to 3 MHz | |
| (≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 7% (nominal) |
| (> 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 8% (nominal) |
| 4 MHz to 10 MHz | |
| (≤ 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 15% (nominal) |
| (> 3.6 GHz center frequency) | ± 20% (nominal) |
| Selectivity (-60 dB/-3 dB) | 4.1: 1 (nominal) |
| EMI bandwidths (CISPR 16-1-1; requires N90EMEMCB or N6141EM0E) | 200 Hz, 9 kHz, 120 kHz, 1 MHz |
| EMI bandwidths (MIL-STD-461; requires N90EMEMCB or N6141EM0E) | 10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz, 100 kHz, 1 MHz |
| Preselector bandwidth | |
| The preselector can have a significant passband ripple | e. To avoid ambiguous results, the -4 dB bandwidth is characterized |
| Center frequency | Mean bandwidth (- 4 dB) |
| 5 GHz | 46 MHz |
| 10 GHz | 52 MHz |
| 15 GHz | 53 MHz |
| 20 GHz | 55 MHz |
| 25 GHz | 56 MHz |
| 35 GHz | 62 MHz |
| 44 GHz | 70 MHz |
| 50 GHz | 76 MHz |
| Video bandwidth (VBW) filters | |
| Range | 1 Hz to 3 MHz (10% steps), 4, 5, 6, 8 MHz, and wide open (labeled 50 MHz) |
| Accuracy | ± 6%, nominal |
| Detector types | |
| Normal, peak, sample, negative peak, log power avera | age. RMS average, and voltage average |
| With Option N90EMEMCB or N6141EM0E | Add quasi-peak and EMI average to above |

Triggers and Gating

Trigger/Gate sources

| | Swept trigger | Gate source | Wide bandwidth IQ trigger | Supplemental information |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---|---|---|
| Free Run | Y | | Y | |
| External 1 | Y | Y | Y | |
| External 2 | Y | Y | Y | Jitter up to ~33 ns p-p (nominal) |
| External 3 | | | Y | Jitter < 20 ps (nominal) |
| RF Burst | Y | Y | | IF path ≤ 40 MHz only |
| Video (IF Mag) | Y | | Y | In 255 MHz IF path only; at greater bandwidths, ADC trigger is similar |
| ADC | | | Y | Similar to Video, but operates digitally on mag[I,Q], prior to decimation filtering, and corrections. Available for bandwidth > 255 MHz. |
| Line | Y | Y | Y | |
| Periodic | Y | Y | Y | Repetitive "frame" trigger, at precise interval, following an External or RF Burst trigger |
| TV | Y | Y | | |
| Triggers | | | | |
| Video (independe Reference Level) | | Scaling and | Specifications | Supplemental information |
| Minimum settable le | evel | | -170 dBm | Useful range limited by noise |
| Maximum usable le | vel | | | Highest allowed mixer level (the highest allowed mixer level depends on the IF gain. It is nominally –10 dBm for preamp off and IF gain = low) + 2 dB (nominal) |
| Detector and swe | ep type relatio | onships | | |
| | | | Supplemental info | ormation |
| Sweep Type = Swe | pt | | | |
| Detector = Normal, Peak | | r Negative | Triggers on the sign | al before detection, which is similar to the displayed signal |
| Detector = Average | | | Triggers on the signal before detection, but with a single-pole filter added to give sin smoothing to that of the average detector | |
| Sweep Type = FFT | | | Triggers on the sign | al envelope in a bandwidth wider than the FFT width |
| RF Burst | F Burst Specifications | | Specifications | Supplemental information |
| Level range | | -40 to -10 dBm plus attenuation (nominal) | Noise will limit trigger level range at high frequencies, such as above 15 GHz | |
| Level accuracy | | | | |
| With positive slope | trigger. Trigger I | evel with negati | ve slope is nominally 1 t | to 4 dB lower than positive slope. |
| Absolute | | | | mplitude accuracy (nominal) |
| Relative | | | ± 2 dB (nominal) | |
| Bandwidth (-10 d | B) | | | |
| Most cases | | | > 80 MHz | |
| (including RF Burst | Level Type = R | elative) | (nominal) | |
| Start Freq < 650 MH | | | | |
| RF Burst Level Type | e = Absolute | | | |
| Sweep Type = Sw | vept | | 16 MHz (nominal) | |
| Sweep Type = FF | T | | | |
| FFT Width 8 to 25 | 5 MHz | | 30 MHz (nominal) | |
| • FFT Width < 8 MF | Hz | | 16 MHz (nominal) | |
| Frequency limitations | | | If the start or center frequency is too close to zero, LO feedthrough ca degrade or prevent triggering. How close is too close depends on the bandwidth listed above. | |
| Amplitude requirements | | | -65 dBm minimum video carrier power at the input mixer, nominal | |



Amplitude Accuracy and Range Specifications

Amplitude characteristics vary by user-selectable front-end path. Swept SA measurements are normally made with preselector on (in circuit). These settings impact amplitude accuracy and range.

Front end settings

| 1a | | Preselector | Default selection following power-on, boot-up, or PRESET. Settings provide best dynamic range and lowest internally-generated distortion. Suitable for harmonics, IMD, spurious in |
|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1b | Standard path | Preselector, LNA on | presence of large signals, etc. unless noise-limited. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Suitable for distortion measurements (harmonics, IMD etc.) when a lower noise floor is needed. Operates down to 10-20 MHz |
| 1c | | Preselector, PA on | Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lower DANL, compared to 1b. Allows tuning down to 100 kHz. |
| 1d | | Preselector, LNA on, PA on | Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide lowest possible DANL, compared to 1c. Best for finding low-level spurs, oscillations, etc. near the noise floor. Allows use of wider RBW setting to achieve equivalent noise floors, so can make spur searching faster. |
| 2a | Low-noise path | Preselector, LNP | Bypasses the preamplifier. Settings provide the lowest distortion and best dynamic range, yet with lower DANL at higher frequencies, when compared with 1a. Path not active below 3.6 GHz. |
| 2b | (LNP) Preselector, LNP, LNA on | | Bypasses the preamplifier. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide the lower DANL, compared to 2a, while preserving very good dynamic range. Path not active at below 3.6 GHz. |
| 3a | | MPB | Bypasses preselector. Settings provide very good EVM floor at mid-high input power region (using attenuation), including below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Recommend using path 4a if above 3.6 GHz. |
| 3b | Microwave | LNA on | Bypasses preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide best EVM at low input power for below 3.6 GHz. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 4b if above 3.6 GHz. |
| 3c | preselector bypass path (MPB) | PA on | Bypasses preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Good for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Settings allowed only for very low power levels since preselector is bypassed. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation. |
| 3d | | LNA on, PA on | Bypasses preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Good sensitivity for narrowband swept measurements only. Not generally recommended for digital demodulation. |
| 4a | LNP, MPB | | Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Settings provide best EVM floor for mid-high input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GHz. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3a if below 3.6 GHz. |
| 4b | Full bypass path (FBP) | LNP, MPB, LNA on | Bypasses both preamplifier and preselector. Requires P26, P44, P4L, P50, or P5L. Settings provide best EVM floor for low input power region (using attenuation) for above 3.6 GHz. Best for wideband digitizer and FFT measurements. Otherwise use path 3b if below 3.6 GHz. |



| Amplitude range | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| | Displayed average noise level (DA | NL) to +30 dBm (for preamp off) | |
| Measurement range | DANL to +24 dBm (for frequency o | pts ≤ 526 with preamp on) | |
| | DANL to +20 dBm (for frequency o | pts > 526 with preamp on) | |
| Input mechanical attenuator range (2 Hz to 50 GHz) | 0 to 70 dB in 2 dB steps | | |
| Electronic attenuator (option EA3) | | | |
| Frequency range | 2 Hz to 3.6 GHz | | |
| Attenuation range | | | |
| Electronic attenuator range | 0 to 24 dB, 1 dB steps | | |
| Full attenuation range (mechanical + electronic) | 0 to 94 dB, 1 dB steps | | |
| Maximum safe input level (max applied to RF input connector) | | | |
| Average total power (with and without preamp) | +30 dBm (1 W) | | |
| Peak pulse power (< 10 μ s pulse width, < 1% duty cycle, and input attenuation \geq 30 dB) | +50 dBm (100 W) | | |
| | 0 VDC max (DC coupled) | Use external DC block as | |
| DC Bias at RF Input | 0.2 VDC max in full bypass path | needed | |
| DC volts | | | |
| DC coupled | ± 0.2 Vdc | | |
| Display range | | | |
| Log scale | 0.1 to 1 dB/division in 0.1 dB steps 1 to 20 dB/division in 1 dB steps (10 display) | | |
| Linear scale | 10 divisions | | |
| Scale units | dBm, dBmV, dBµV, dBmA, dBµA, V | V, W, A | |



Frequency Response

1a. Standard path frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless stated otherwise |
|----------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 9 kHz to 20 MHz | ± 0.54 dB | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.15 dB |
| > 20 MHz to 50 MHz | ± 0.44 dB | ± 0.40 dB | ± 0.12 dB |
| > 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz | ± 0.58 dB | ± 0.52 dB | ± 0.22 dB |
| > 3.6 to 5.2 GHz | ± 2.70 dB | ± 1.90 dB | ± 0.98 dB |
| > 5.2 GHz to 8.4 GHz | ± 2.50 dB | ± 1.40 dB | ± 0.58 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 2.00 dB | ± 1.50 dB | ± 0.54 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 2.00 dB | ± 1.70 dB | ± 0.68 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 2.32 dB | ± 1.90 dB | ± 0.74 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 2.70 dB | ± 2.30 dB | ± 0.94 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 4.35 dB | ± 3.00 dB | ± 1.22 dB |

1b. Standard path, LNA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless stated otherwise |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 30 MHz to 3.6 GHz | ± 0.68 dB | ± 0.54 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| > 3.6 to 5.2 GHz | ± 2.90 dB | ± 2.28 dB | ± 1.14 dB |
| > 5.2 to 8.4 GHz | ± 2.80 dB | ± 2.06 dB | ± 0.98 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 2.40 dB | ± 2.02 dB | ± 0.88 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 2.40 dB | ± 2.16 dB | ± 0.88 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 2.86 dB | ± 2.42 dB | ± 0.98 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 3.10 dB | ± 2.60 dB | ± 1.18 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 5.25 dB | ± 4.30 dB | ± 2.04 dB |

• 1c. Standard path, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

• 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless stated otherwise |
|----------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 9 kHz to 1 MHz | N/A | N/A | ± 0.82 dB |
| > 1 to 50 MHz | ± 0.80 dB | ± 0.78 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| > 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz | ± 0.68 dB | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.18 dB |
| > 3.6 to 5.2 GHz | ± 2.80 dB | ± 2.30 dB | ± 1.20 dB |
| > 5.2 GHz to 8.4 GHz | ± 2.60 dB | ± 1.64 dB | ± 0.64 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 2.30 dB | ± 1.80 dB | ± 0.60 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 2.30 dB | ± 2.00 dB | ± 0.70 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 2.86 dB | ± 2.22 dB | ± 0.72 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 3.10 dB | ± 2.44 dB | ± 1.02 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 5.06 dB | ± 3.85 dB | ± 1.78 dB |

1d. Standard path, LNA on, PA on frequency response (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless stated otherwise | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| < 3.6 GHz | If tuning < 3.6 GHz, ther | If tuning < 3.6 GHz, then standard path with LNA on is used. | | | | |
| 3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz | ± 3.00 dB | ± 2.50 dB | ± 1.36 dB | | | |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 2.50 dB | ± 2.20 dB | ± 0.96 dB | | | |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 2.30 dB | ± 2.20 dB | ± 0.94 dB | | | |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 2.85 dB | ± 2.40 dB | ± 1.00 dB | | | |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 3.20 dB | ± 2.80 dB | ± 1.32 dB | | | |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 5.30 dB | ± 4.50 dB | ± 2.26 dB | | | |



2a. Low-noise path (LNP) frequency response (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless stated otherwise |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz | ± 3.10 dB | ± 2.30 dB | ± 1.00 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 2.12 dB | ± 1.72 dB | ± 0.56 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 2.00 dB | ± 1.78 dB | ± 0.66 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 2.52 dB | ± 1.92 dB | ± 0.64 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 2.80 dB | ± 2.45 dB | ± 0.94 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 3.58 dB | ± 2.84 dB | ± 1.20 dB |

2b. Low-noise path (LNP) frequency response (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

| 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference condition | s (50 MHz), preselector centering applied above 3.6 GHz |
|--|---|
|--|---|

| Frequency | Frequency response (nominal) |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| 3.6 to 8.4 GHz | ± 0.80 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 0.70 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 0.70 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 0.70 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 1.00 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 1.40 dB |

3a. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MPB enabled, LNA off, PA off) 10 dB input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz)

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless stated otherwise |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz | ± 1.50 dB | ± 1.44 dB | ± 0.40 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 1.66 dB | ± 1.50 dB | ± 0.50 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 2.00 dB | ± 1.62 dB | ± 0.56 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 2.52 dB | ± 1.80 dB | ± 0.56 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 2.55 dB | ± 2.10 dB | ± 0.78 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 4.20 dB | ± 2.90 dB | ± 1.12 dB |

3b, 3c, 3d. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path frequency response (MPB path enabled)

| | 3b. MPB, LNA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal) | 3c. MPB, PA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal) | 3d. MPB, LNA on, PA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal) |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| 3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz | ± 0.40 dB | ± 0.30 dB | ± 0.40 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.30 dB | ± 0.45 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.40 dB | ± 0.45 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.40 dB | ± 0.50 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.60 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 0.90 dB | ± 1.20 dB | ± 1.00 dB |

4a, 4b. Full bypass (FBP) path frequency response (full bypass path enabled)

| | 4a. FBP (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal) | 4b. FBP, LNA on (10 dB input attenuation) (nominal) |
|--------------------|--|--|
| 3.6 GHz to 8.4 GHz | ± 0.20 dB | ± 0.30 dB |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.50 dB |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | ± 0.30 dB | ± 0.50 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | ± 0.30 dB | ± 0.50 dB |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | ± 0.40 dB | ± 0.50 dB |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | ± 0.60 dB | ± 1.00 dB |



Electronic attenuator frequency response (10 dB mechanical input attenuation, relative to reference conditions (50 MHz)

| Maximum error relative to reference conditions (50 MHz). Mechanical attenuation set to default/calibrated setting of 10 dB. | | | | |
|---|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--|
| EA3 frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless stated otherwise | |
| Attenuation = 4 to 24 dB, even steps | | | | |
| 9 kHz to 50 MHz | ± 0.80 dB | ± 0.65 dB | ± 0.18 dB | |
| 50 MHz to 3.6 GHz | ± 0.50 dB | ± 0.48 dB | ± 0.22 dB | |
| Attenuation = 0,1,2 and odd steps, 3 to 23 dB | | | | |
| 10 MHz to 3.6 GHz | N/A | N/A | ± 0.22 dB | |

Attenuator switching uncertainty (50 MHz reference frequency, relative to 10 dB reference setting, LNA off, PA off)

| | 1a. Std (10 dB input attenuation) | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Attenuation 12 to 40 dB | ± 0.14 dB ± 0.04 dB (typical) | |
| Attenuation 2 to 8 dB, or > 40 dB | ± 0.18 dB ± 0.06 dB (typical) | |
| Attenuation 0 dB | ± 0.05 dB (nominal) | |
| Attenuation >2 dB at other frequencies (nominal) | | |
| 2 Hz to 3.6 GHz | ± 0.3 dB | |
| > 3.6 to 8.4 GHz | ± 0.5 dB | |
| > 8.4 to 26.5 GHz | ± 0.7 dB | |
| > 26.5 to 50 GHz | ± 1.0 dB | |



Total absolute amplitude accuracy (at 50 MHz)

At 50 MHz, 10 dB attenuation, RBW ≤ 1 MHz, input signal -10 to -50 dBm, all settings auto-coupled except Auto Swp Time = Accy, any reference revel, any vertical scale.

| Path | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical | AutoAlign = Light, nominal |
|------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| 1a. Std | ± 0.34 dB | ± 0.32 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.18 dB |
| 1b. Std (LNA on, preamp off) | ± 0.44 dB | ± 0.40 dB | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.19 dB |
| 1c. Std (LNA off, preamp on) | ± 0.42 dB | ± 0.38 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.17 dB |

With electronic attenuator

(at 50 MHz, 10 dB attenuation, RBW < = 1 MHz, input signal -7 to -25 dBm, all settings auto-coupled except auto swp time = accy, any reference level, any vertical scale)

| | ± 0.37 dB | ± 0.32 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.17 dB |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| For absolute amplitude accurac | y at any frequency, | use the following for | rmulas: | |
| At any frequency | ± (abs amp at 50 M | Hz + frequency respons | e) | |
| Wide range of signal levels, resolution bandwidths, reference levels, attenuation = 10 dB, 10 Hz to 3.6 GHz | ± 0.25 dB, 95 th perc | entile | | |

Note1: Absolute amplitude accuracy is the total of all amplitude measurement errors, and applies over the following subset of settings and conditions:

- $1 \text{ Hz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$
- Input signal -10 to -50 dBm (details below)
- Input attenuation 10 dB
- Span < 5 MHz (nominal additional error for span ≥ 5 MHz is is 0.02 dB)
- All settings auto-coupled except Swp Time Rules = Accuracy
- Combinations of low signal level and wide RBW use VBW ≤ 30 kHz to reduce noise
- When using FFT sweeps, the signal must be at the center frequency.

This absolute amplitude accuracy specification includes the sum of the following individual specifications under the conditions listed above: Scale Fidelity, Reference Level Accuracy, Display Scale Switching Uncertainty, Resolution Bandwidth Switching Uncertainty, 50 MHz Amplitude Reference Accuracy, and the accuracy with which the instrument aligns its internal gains to the 50 MHz Amplitude Reference. The only difference between signals within the range above –50 dBm and those signals below that level is the scale fidelity. Our specifications and experience show no difference between signals above and below this level. The only reason our Absolute Amplitude Uncertainty specification does not go below this level is that noise detracts from our ability to verify the performance at all levels with acceptable test times and yields. So, the performance is not warranted at lower levels, but we fully expect it to be the same.

Note 2: Absolute amplitude accuracy for a wide range of signal and measurement settings, covers the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence. Here are the details of what is covered and how the computation is made:

- The wide range of conditions of RBW, signal level, VBW, reference level and display scale are described above.
- There are 44 quasi-random combinations used, tested at a 50 MHz signal frequency.
- We compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.
- Also, the frequency response relative to the 50 MHz response is characterized by varying the signal across a large number of quasi-random verification frequencies that are chosen to not correspond with the frequency response adjustment frequencies.
- We again compute the 95th percentile proportion with 95% confidence for this set observed over a statistically significant number of instruments.
- We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the 50 MHz absolute amplitude accuracy to a national standards organization.
- We also compute the 95th percentile accuracy of tracing the calibration of the relative frequency response to a national standards organization
- · We take the root-sum-square of these four independent Gaussian parameters
- To that RSS we add the environmental effects of temperature variations across the 20 to 30°C range.
- These computations and measurements are made with the mechanical attenuator only in circuit, set to the reference state of 10 dB.

A similar process is used for computing the result when using the electronic attenuator under a wide range of settings: all even settings from 4 through 24 dB inclusive, with the mechanical attenuator set to 10 dB. The 95th percentile result was 0.21 dB.



VSWR (voltage standing wave ratio) at RF Input (95th Percentile)

| Standard path, 10 dB input a | ttenuation, 50 MHz (reference condition) | 1.07:1 (nominal) | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Standard path, 0 dB input att | enuation, 0.01 to 3.6 GHz | 2.2:1 (nominal) | |
| Center frequency | 1a. Std, IF path ≤ 40 MHz (10 dB input attenuation) | 1b. Std, LNA on and 1d. Std, LNA on, PA on IF path ≤ 40 MHz (0 dB input attenuation) | 1c. Std, PA on IF path ≤ 40 MHz (0 dB input attenuation) |
| 10 MHz to 3.6 GHz | 1.18 | 1.23 (path 1b. only) | 1.66 |
| > 3.6 to 8.4 GHz | 1.20 | 1.39 | 1.57 |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | 1.20 | 1.28 | 1.42 |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | 1.28 | 1.38 | 1.39 |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | 1.32 | 1.36 | 1.40 |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | 1.50 | 1.60 | 1.63 |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | 1.65 | 1.73 | 1.79 |
| Center frequency | 3a. MPB, IF path ≥ 255 MHz (10 | dB input attenuation) | |
| 8.9 to 20 GHz | 1.25 | | |
| > 20 to 30 GHz | 1.45 | | |
| > 30 to 40 GHz | 1.43 | | |
| > 40 to 50 GHz | 1.70 | | |
| The magnitude of the misma | tab over the range of frequencies will be ver | cimilar batwaan MPP and nan MP | P operation, between INP and no |

The magnitude of the mismatch over the range of frequencies will be very similar between MPB and non-MPB operation, between LNP and non-LNP operation, and between FBP and non-FBP operation, but the details, such as the frequencies of the peaks and valleys, will shift.



VSWR plots



Figure 1. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units



Figure 2. VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26 GHz), 1a. Standard Path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units



Figure 3. VSWR vs. frequency (26 to 50 GHz), 1a. standard path, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units



Figure 4. VSWR vs. frequency (0 to 3.5 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units





Figure 5. VSWR vs. frequency (3.5 to 26 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units



Figure 6. VSWR vs. frequency (26 to 50 GHz), 1c. preamp on, 10 dB attenuation, measured on 3 units



| Resolution bandwidth switching uncertainty (relative to 30 kHz RBW) |
|---|
|---|

| Resolution bandwidth switching uncertainty (relative to 30 kHz | z RBW) |
|---|--|
| 1 Hz to 1.5 MHz RBW | < ± 0.03 dB |
| 1.6 MHz to 2.7 MHz RBW | < ± 0.05 dB |
| 3 MHz RBW | ± 0.1 dB |
| 4, 5, 6, 8, 10 MHz RBW | ± 0.3 dB |
| Reference level | |
| Range | |
| Log scale | -170 to +30 dBm in 0.01 dB steps |
| Linear scale | 707 pV to 7.07 V with 0.11% (0.01 dB) resolution |
| Accuracy (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.) | 0 dB |
| Display scale switching uncertainty | |
| Switching between linear and log (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.) | 0 dB |
| Log scale/div switching (Only affects the display, not the measurement, so it causes no additional error in measurement results from trace data or markers.) | 0 dB |

Display scale fidelity (log-linear fidelity, relative to the reference condition -25 dBm input through 10 dB attenuation, thus -35 dBm at the input mixer)

| Input mixer level | Full range | Typical |
|---|-----------------|-----------|
| $-18 \text{ dBm} \le \text{ML} \le -10 \text{ dBm}$ | ± 0.10 dB total | ± 0.04 dB |
| ML < -18 dBm input mixer level | ± 0.07 dB | ± 0.02 dB |

Preamplifiers (2 stages: Low-Noise Amplifier LNA, Pre-Amplifier PA)

| | Low-Noise Amplifier (LNA) | Pre-Amplifier (PA) |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Option P44, P4L | 20 MHz to 44 GHz | 9 kHz to 44 GHz |
| Ontion DE0, DEI | 20 MHz to 50 GHz | 9 kHz to 50 GHz |
| Option P50, P5L | For options P4L/P5L: ≥ 43.5 GHz both L | NA and PA cannot be used simultaneously |
| Noise figure | 4 to 8 dB (nominal) (see DANL) | 10 dB (nominal) |
| Gain | 20 dB (nominal) | 30 dB (nominal) |
| Gaili | When LNA and PA are used simultaneou | usly, gain = 40 dB (nominal) |



Dynamic Range Specifications

1 dB Gain Compression

Notes:

- Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal.
- Specified at 1 kHz RBW with 100 kHz tone spacing. The compression point will nominally equal the specification for tone spacing greater than 5 times the prefilter bandwidth. At smaller spacings, ADC clipping may occur at a level lower than the 1 dB compression point.
- Reference level and off-screen performance: The reference level (RL) behavior differs from some • earlier analyzers in a way that makes this analyzer more flexible. In other analyzers, the RL controlled how the measurement was performed as well as how it was displayed. Because the logarithmic amplifier in these analyzers had both range and resolution limitations, this behavior was necessary for optimum measurement accuracy. The logarithmic amplifier in this signal analyzer, however, is implemented digitally such that the range and resolution greatly exceed other instrument limitations. Because of this, the analyzer can make measurements largely independent of the setting of the RL without compromising accuracy. Because the RL becomes a display function, not a measurement function, a marker can read out results that are off-screen, either above or below, without any change in accuracy. The only exception to the independence of RL and the way in which the measurement is performed is in the input attenuation setting: When the input attenuation is set to auto, the rules for the determination of the input attenuation include dependence on the reference level. Because the input attenuation setting controls the tradeoff between large signal behaviors (third-order intermodulation, compression, and display scale fidelity) and small signal effects (noise), the measurement results can change with RL changes when the input attenuation is set to auto.
- Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- Total power at the preamp (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) input attenuation (dB).
- The low noise path, when in use, does not substantially change the compression-to-noise dynamic range or the TOI-to-noise dynamic range because it mostly just reduces losses in the signal path in front of all significant noise, TOI and compression-affecting circuits. In other words, the compression threshold and the third-order intercept both decrease and to the same extent as that to which the DANL decreases.

| compression. This specificatelevel (dBm) = total power a | | | ler to cause a 1 dB change in | an on-screen signal. Mixer power |
|--|------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Conton from unon | Gain compressior | n (nominal) | | |
| Center frequency | 1a. PA off | 1b. LNA | 1c. PA | 1d. LNA PA |
| 20 to 40 MHz | +2 dBm | -14 dBm | -14 dBm | -14 dBm |
| > 40 MHz to 3.6 GHz | +5 dBm | -14 dBm | -14 dBm | -14 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 13.5 GHz | +8 dBm | -14 dBm | -22 dBm | -28 dBm |
| > 13.5 to 26.5 GHz | +3 dBm | -14 dBm | -24 dBm | -32 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 50 GHz | +6 dBm | -10 dBm | -23 dBm | -33 dBm |

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain

Standard path: 1 dB gain compression (swept, standard, preselector on)



Low-Noise Path (LNP): 1 dB gain compression (swept, LNP, preselector on)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) – input attenuation (dB).

| Contor froquency | Gain compression (nominal) | Gain compression (nominal) | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Center frequency | 2a. Preselector LNP | 2b. Preselector LNP LNA | | |
| > 3.6 to 13.5 GHz | +2 dBm | -14 dBm | | |
| > 13.5 to 26.5 GHz | +0 dBm | -18 dBm | | |
| >26.5 to 50 GHz | +3 dBm | -16 dBm | | |

Microwave preselector bypass path (MPB): 1 dB gain compression (swept, preselector bypass)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) – input attenuation (dB).

| Frequency | Gain compression (nominal) | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------|--|
| Frequency | 3a. MPB | 3b. MPB LNA | |
| 20 to 40 MHz | +2 dBm | -14 dBm | |
| > 40 MHz to 3.6 GHz | +5 dBm | -14 dBm | |
| > 3.6 to 13.5 GHz | +2 dBm | -17 dBm | |
| > 13.5 to 26.5 GHz | +0 dBm | -17 dBm | |
| >26.5 to 50 GHz | +0 dBm | -15 dBm | |

Full bypass path (FBP): 1 dB gain compression (swept, full bypass)

Large signals, even at frequencies not shown on the screen, can cause the analyzer to mismeasure on-screen signals because of two-tone gain compression. This specification tells how large an interfering signal must be in order to cause a 1 dB change in an on-screen signal. Mixer power level (dBm) = total power at the input (dBm) – input attenuation (dB).

| Frequency | Gain compression (noming | Gain compression (nominal) | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Frequency | 4a. FBP 4b. FBP LNA | | | |
| > 3.6 to 13.5 GHz | -4 dBm | -20 dBm | | |
| > 13.5 to 26.5 GHz | -5 dBm | -23 dBm | | |
| >26.5 to 50 GHz | -5 dBm | -22 dBm | | |

IF prefilter bandwidth

This table applies without Option FS1 or FS2, fast sweep. With Option FS1 or FS2, which is a standard option in the UXA, this table applies for sweep rates that are manually chosen to be the same as or slower than "traditional" sweep rates, instead of the much faster sweep rates, such as autocoupled sweep rates, available with FS1 or FS2. Sweep rate is defined to be span divided by sweep time. If the sweep rate is \leq 1.1 times RBW-squared, the table applies. Otherwise, compute an "effective RBW" = span / (sweeptime × RBW). To determine the IF Prefilter bandwidth, look up this effective RBW in the table instead of the actual RBW. For example, for RBW = 3 kHz, Span = 300 kHz, and sweep time = 42 ms, we compute that sweep rate = 7.1 MHz/s, while RBW-squared is 9 MHz/s. So the sweep rate is < 1.1 times RBW-squared and the table applies; row 1 shows the IF prefilter bandwidth is nominally 8.9 kHz. If the sweep time is 1 ms, then the effective RBW computes to 100 kHz. This would result in an IF prefilter bandwidth from the third row, nominally 303 kHz.

| Zero span or swept, RBW= | Sweep type = FFT, FFT width = | -3 dB bandwidth (nominal) |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ≤ 3.9 kHz | < 4.01 kHz | 8.9 kHz |
| 4.3 to 27 kHz | < 28.81 kHz | 79 kHz |
| 30 to 160 kHz | < 167.4 kHz | 303 kHz |
| 180 to 390 kHz | < 411.9 kHz | 966 kHz |
| 430 kHz to 10 MHz | < 7.99 MHz | 10.9 MHz |



Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL)

Input terminated, Sample or Average detector, Averaging type set to Log, IF Gain = High, 1 Hz Resolution Bandwidth, 0 dB input attenuation.

| Noise Floor Extension (Optio | n NF2) improves DANL by 8 to | 11 dB, for standard path. | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
| 2 to 10 Hz | | | -90 dBm (nominal) |
| > 10 to 100 Hz | N/A | | -115 dBm (nominal) |
| > 100 Hz to 1 kHz | IN/A | | -128 dBm (nominal) |
| > 1 to 9 kHz | | | -138 dBm (nominal) |
| > 9 to 100 kHz | -138 dBm | -140 dBm | -146 dBm |
| > 100 kHz to 1 MHz | -151 dBm | -152 dBm | -155 dBm |
| > 1 to 10 MHz | -152 dBm | -153 dBm | -156 dBm |
| > 10 MHz to 1.2 GHz | -150 dBm | -152 dBm | -155 dBm |
| > 1.2 to 2.1 GHz | -148 dBm | -150 dBm | -154 dBm |
| > 2.1 to 3.6 GHz | -146 dBm | -148 dBm | -152 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 6.6 GHz | -144 dBm | -146 dBm | -150 dBm |
| > 6.6 to 8.4 GHz | -144 dBm | -146 dBm | -151 dBm |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | -144 dBm | -146 dBm | -149 dBm |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | -142 dBm | -145 dBm | -149 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 22.5 GHz | -139 dBm | -141 dBm | -146 dBm |
| > 22.5 to 26.5 GHz | -136 dBm | -138 dBm | -143 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 30 GHz | -134 dBm | -136 dBm | -140 dBm |
| > 30 to 34.5 GHz | -132 dBm | -134 dBm | -139 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 37 GHz | -127 dBm | -129 dBm | -135 dBm |
| > 37 to 40 GHz | -125 dBm | -127 dBm | -134 dBm |
| > 40 to 45 GHz | -125 dBm | -127 dBm | -132 dBm |
| > 45 to 50 GHz | -120 dBm | -122 dBm | -129 dBm |

1a. Standard path DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

1b. Standard path, LNA on DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| < 20 MHz | Not permitted with LNA | on | |
| 20 to 40 MHz | -152 dBm | -153 dBm | -158 dBm |
| > 40 to 500 MHz | -162 dBm | -163 dBm | -166 dBm |
| > 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz | -163 dBm | -164 dBm | -168 dBm |
| > 2.5 to 3.6 GHz | -162 dBm | -163 dBm | -167 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 4.7 GHz | -161 dBm | -162 dBm | -166 dBm |
| > 4.7 to 17.1 GHz | -160 dBm | -161 dBm | -165 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 22 GHz | -155 dBm | -157 dBm | -162 dBm |
| > 22 to 26.5 GHz | -152 dBm | -154 dBm | -159 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 27 GHz | -152 dBm | -154 dBm | -158 dBm |
| > 27 to 34.5 GHz | -147 dBm | -149 dBm | -154 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 42.5 GHz | -139 dBm | -141 dBm | -148 dBm |
| > 42.5 to 47 GHz | -136 dBm | -138 dBm | -144 dBm |
| > 47 to 50 GHz | -132 dBm | -134 dBm | -141 dBm |



1c. Standard path, PA on DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

| Noise Floor Extension (Optio | on NF2) improves DANL by 7 to 9 | dB, for standard path, PA on. | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
| > 100 to 200 kHz | -155 dBm | -156 dBm | -160 dBm |
| > 200 to 500 kHz | -157 dBm | -158 dBm | -162 dBm |
| > 500 kHz to 1 MHz | -160 dBm | -161 dBm | -165 dBm |
| > 1 MHz to 2.1 GHz | -162 dBm | -163 dBm | -166 dBm |
| > 2.1 to 3.6 GHz | -160 dBm | -161 dBm | -164 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 17.1 GHz | -161 dBm | -162 dBm | -166 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 20 GHz | -161 dBm | -162 dBm | -165 dBm |
| > 20 to 26.5 GHz | -159 dBm | -160 dBm | -163 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 30 GHz | -157 dBm | -158 dBm | -162 dBm |
| > 30 to 34.5 GHz | -156 dBm | -157 dBm | -160 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 37 GHz | -153 dBm | -155 dBm | -159 dBm |
| > 37 to 41 GHz | -150 dBm | -153 dBm | -157 dBm |
| > 41 to 46 GHz | -147 dBm | -150 dBm | -155 dBm |
| > 46 to 50 GHz | -145 dBm | -148 dBm | -152 dBm |

1d. Standard path, LNA-on, PA-on DANL (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| < 20 MHz | Not permitted with LNA o | n | |
| 20 to 40 MHz | -152 dBm | -153 dBm | -158 dBm |
| > 40 to 500 MHz | -162 dBm | -163 dBm | -166 dBm |
| > 500 MHz to 2.5 GHz | -163 dBm | -164 dBm | -168 dBm |
| > 2.5 to 3.6 GHz | -162 dBm | -163 dBm | -167 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 8.4 GHz | -161 dBm | -163 dBm | -168 dBm |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | -164 dBm | -165 dBm | -169 dBm |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | -163 dBm | -164 dBm | -168 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 23 GHz | -162 dBm | -163 dBm | -167 dBm |
| > 23 to 26.5 GHz | -161 dBm | -162 dBm | -166 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | -159 dBm | -160 dBm | -164 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 36.5 GHz | -157 dBm | -159 dBm | -163 dBm |
| > 36.5 to 43 GHz | -155 dBm | -157 dBm | -162 dBm |
| > 43 to 43.5 GHz | -153 dBm | -155 dBm | -160 dBm |
| > 43.5 to 47 GHz (for option P44 and P50) | -153 dBm | -155 dBm | -160 dBm |
| > 47 to 50 GHz (for option P50) | -150 dBm | -152 dBm | -158 dBm |
| > 43.5 to 47 GHz (for option P4L and P5L) | -136 dBm | -138 dBm | -144 dBm |
| > 47 to 50 GHz (for option P5L) | -132 dBm | -134 dBm | -141 dBm |

2a. Low-noise path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| < 3.6 GHz | Not permitted with low n | oise path | |
| 3.6 to 6 GHz | -149 dBm | -151 dBm | -154 dBm |
| > 6 to 8.4 GHz | -150 dBm | -152 dBm | -155 dBm |
| > 8.4 to 17.1 GHz | -149 dBm | -151 dBm | -154 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 23 GHz | -147 dBm | -149 dBm | -152 dBm |
| > 23 to 26.5 GHz | -144 dBm | -146 dBm | -150 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 29 GHz | -143 dBm | -145 dBm | -149 dBm |
| > 29 to 34.5 GHz | -141 dBm | -143 dBm | -147 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 45 GHz | -134 dBm | -137 dBm | -142 dBm |
| > 45 to 50 GHz | -131 dBm | -134 dBm | -140 dBm |



2b. Low-noise path DANL (low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

| Frequency | 2b. LNP path, LNA on (nominal) | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| < 3.6 GHz | Not permitted with low noise path | |
| 3.6 to 6 GHz | -168 dBm | |
| > 6 to 8.4 GHz | -168 dBm | |
| > 8.4 to 17.1 GHz | -167 dBm | |
| > 17.1 to 23 GHz | -165 dBm | |
| > 23 to 26.5 GHz | -163 dBm | |
| > 26.5 to 29 GHz | -162 dBm | |
| > 29 to 34.5 GHz | -161 dBm | |
| > 34.5 to 45 GHz | -157 dBm | |
| > 45 to 50 GHz | -154 dBm | |

3a, 3b. Microwave preselector bypass (MPB) path DANL (MPB path enabled)

| Frequency | 3a. MPB path (nominal) | 3b. MPB, LNA on (nominal) |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 3.6 to 8.4 GHz | -156 dBm | -165 dBm |
| > 8.4 to 17.1 GHz | -154 dBm | -165 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 22 GHz | -151 dBm | -164 dBm |
| > 22 to 22.5 GHz | -151 dBm | -161 dBm |
| > 22.5 to 26.5 GHz | -149 dBm | -161 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 30 GHz | -147 dBm | -159 dBm |
| > 30 to 34.5 GHz | -146 dBm | -159 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 41 GHz | -140 dBm | -154 dBm |
| > 41 to 44 GHz | -140 dBm | -152 dBm |
| > 44 to 49 GHz | -136 dBm | -151 dBm |
| > 49 to 50 GHz | -135 dBm | -150 dBm |

If using microwave preselector bypass path (MPB) use path 3b for digital demodulation.

4a. Full bypass (FBP) path DANL (low-noise path enable, preselector bypass on, LNA off, PA off)

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 3.6 to 8.4 GHz | -154 dBm | -155 dBm | -158 dBm |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | -154 dBm | -155 dBm | -158 dBm |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | -153 dBm | -155 dBm | -157 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 22 GHz | -152 dBm | -153 dBm | -156 dBm |
| > 22 to 26.5 GHz | -150 dBm | -151 dBm | -155 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 29 GHz | -150 dBm | -151 dBm | -154 dBm |
| > 29 to 34.5 GHz | -148 dBm | -149 dBm | -153 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 45 GHz | -142 dBm | -144 dBm | -149 dBm |
| > 45 to 50 GHz | -140 dBm | -142 dBm | -148 dBm |

4b. Full bypass (FBP) path DANL (low-noise path enable, preselector bypass on, LNA on) (nominal)

| Frequency | 4b. FBP, LNA on |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| 3.6 to 8.4 GHz | -165 dBm |
| > 8.4 to 13.6 GHz | -164 dBm |
| > 13.6 to 17.1 GHz | -164 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 22 GHz | -163 dBm |
| > 22 to 26.5 GHz | -161 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 29 GHz | -161 dBm |
| > 29 to 34.5 GHz | -160 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 45 GHz | -157 dBm |
| > 45 to 50 GHz | -155 dBm |



Residuals, Images, and Spurious Responses

| 200 kHz to 8.4 GHz (swept) Zero span or FFT or other frequencies | | -100 dBm | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | -100 dBm (nominal) | | |
| Image responses | s (standard path, LNA off, PA o | ff) | | |
| Mixer level | Tuned frequency (f) | | Excitation frequency | Full range |
| | 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz | | f+45 MHz | -80 dBc |
| 10 10 | 10 MHz to 3.6 GHz | | f+10,245 MHz | -80 dBc |
| -10 dBm | 10 MHz to 22 GHz | | f+645 MHz | -80 dBc |
| | > 22 to 26.5 GHz | | f+645 MHz | -70 dBc |
| | > 26.5 to 50 GHz | | f+45 MHz | -90 dBc (nominal) |
| -30 dBm | > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | | f+645 MHz | -70 dBc |
| -30 dBm | > 34.5 to 42 GHz | | f+645 MHz | -55 dBc |
| | > 42 to 50 GHz | | f+645 MHz | -70 dBc (nominal) |
| | | | | |
| Other spurious re | esponses (input-related, stand | ard path, LN | NA off, PA off) | |
| • | cation factor. Refer to earlier table | | | erformance is nominally the same, with PA on, and |
| N is the LO multipli | cation factor. Refer to earlier table NP). | | | erformance is nominally the same, with PA on, and |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L | cation factor. Refer to earlier table NP). | for the N valu | ue versus frequency ranges. Pe | erformance is nominally the same, with PA on, and |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L First RF order (f 2 | cation factor. Refer to earlier table .NP). Mix ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) | for the N valu | ie versus frequency ranges. Pe Response | |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L | cation factor. Refer to earlier table NP). ▲ 10 MHz from carrier) 5 26.5 GHz -10 | for the N valu | ie versus frequency ranges. Pe Response | erformance is nominally the same, with PA on, and ng IF feedthrough, LO harmonic mixing responses |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L First RF order (f 2 Carrier frequency ≤ Carrier frequency > | cation factor. Refer to earlier table NP). ▲ 10 MHz from carrier) 5 26.5 GHz -10 | for the N valu er level dBm | Response -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi | |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L First RF order (f Carrier frequency ≤ Carrier frequency > Higher RF order | cation factor. Refer to earlier table .NP). Mix ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) ≤ 26.5 GHz -10 26.5 GHz -30 (f ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) | for the N valu er level dBm | e versus frequency ranges. Pe Response -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi -90 dBc (nominal) | |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L First RF order (f i Carrier frequency ≤ Carrier frequency > Higher RF order (Carrier frequency ≤ | cation factor. Refer to earlier table .NP). Mix ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) 5 26.5 GHz -10 26.5 GHz -30 (f ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) 5 26.5 GHz -40 | for the N valu ter level dBm dBm | e versus frequency ranges. Pe Response -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi -90 dBc (nominal) | ng IF feedthrough, LO harmonic mixing responses |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L First RF order (f a Carrier frequency > Carrier frequency > Higher RF order (Carrier frequency > Carrier frequency > | cation factor. Refer to earlier table .NP). Mix ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) ≤ 26.5 GHz -10 • 26.5 GHz -30 (f ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) 5 ≤ 26.5 GHz -40 • 26.5 GHz -30 | for the N valu er level dBm dBm dBm | Response -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi -90 dBc (nominal) -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi | ng IF feedthrough, LO harmonic mixing responses |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L First RF order (f 2 Carrier frequency ≤ Carrier frequency > | cation factor. Refer to earlier table .NP). Mix ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) ≤ 26.5 GHz -10 26.5 GHz -30 (f ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) -30 ≤ 26.5 GHz -40 ≥ 0.5 GHz -30 off ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) -30 ≤ 26.5 GHz -30 ○ 26.5 GHz -30 ○ 26.5 GHz -30 ○ 20.5 GHz -30 | for the N valu er level dBm dBm dBm | Response -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi -90 dBc (nominal) -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi | ng IF feedthrough, LO harmonic mixing responses |
| N is the LO multipli in low-noise path (L First RF order (f a Carrier frequency ≥ Carrier frequency ≥ Higher RF order Carrier frequency ≥ Carrier frequency > LO-related spurio | cation factor. Refer to earlier table .NP). Mix ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) 5 26.5 GHz -10 26.5 GHz -30 (f ≥ 10 MHz from carrier) -30 5 26.5 GHz -40 2 6.5 GHz -30 0 26.5 GHz -30 2 10 MHz from carrier) -30 2 2 6.5 GHz -30 2 0 5 GHz -30 2 0 5 GHz -30 2 10 ms responses -10 | for the N valu er level dBm dBm dBm dBm | e versus frequency ranges. Per Response -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi -90 dBc (nominal) -80 dBc + 20*log(N) includi -90 dBc (nominal) | ng IF feedthrough, LO harmonic mixing responses ng higher order mixer responses |

Second-Harmonic Intercept (SHI)

1a. Standard path: SHI (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

| Frequency of the fundamental | Mixer level | Distortion | SHI |
|------------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| 10 MHz to 1.8 GHz | -15 dBm | -61 dBc | +46 dBm |
| > 1.8 to 3 GHz | -15 dBm | -67 dBc | +52 dBm |
| > 3 to 5.2 GHz | -15 dBm | -70 dBc | +55 dBm |
| > 5.2 to 13.25 GHz | -15 dBm | -79 dBc | +64 dBm |
| > 13.25 to 25.0 GHz | -15 dBm | -68 dBc | +53 dBm |

1b. Standard path: SHI (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

| Frequency of the fundamental | Preamp level | Distortion (nominal) | SHI (nominal) |
|------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 10 MHz to 1.8 GHz | -45 dBm | -57 dBc | +12 dBm |
| > 1.8 to 13.25 GHz | -45 dBm | -60 dBc | +15 dBm |

1c. Standard path: SHI (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

| Frequency of the fundamental | Preamp level | Distortion (nominal) | SHI (nominal) |
|------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 10 MHz to 1.8 GHz | -45 dBm | -73 dBc | +28 dBm |
| > 1.8 to 13.25 GHz | -45 dBm | -50 dBc | +5 dBm |

2a. Low-noise path: SHI (swept, Low-noise path enabled, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

| Frequency of the fundamental | Mixer level | Distortion | SHI |
|------------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| 1.75 to 2.5 GHz | -15 dBm | -92 dBc | +77 dBm |
| > 2.5 to < 5 GHz | -15 dBm | -97 dBc | +82 dBm |
| 5 to 13.25 GHz | -15 dBm | -102 dBc | +87 dBm |
| > 13.25 to 25 GHz | -15 dBm | -92 dBc | +77 dBm |



Third-Order Intercept (TOI)

1a. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

Two –16 dBm (up to 26.5 GHz) or –20 dBm (> 26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz

| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
|----------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| 10 to 350 MHz | +14 dBm | +15 dBm | +18 dBm |
| > 350 MHz to 1.1 GHz | +15 dBm | +16 dBm | +19 dBm |
| > 1.1 GHz to 3.0 GHz | +17 dBm | +18 dBm | +21 dBm |
| > 3.0 to 3.6 GHz | +18 dBm | +19 dBm | +22 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 13.6 GHz | +14 dBm | +15 dBm | +19 dBm |
| > 13.6 to 21 GHz | +10 dBm | +11 dBm | +16 dBm |
| > 21 to 26.5 GHz | +12 dBm | +14 dBm | +18 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | +11 dBm | +13 dBm | +19 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | +7 dBm | +9 dBm | +14 dBm |

1b. Standard path, (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

| Two –34 dBm tones at preamp input with tone separation \geq 100 kHz | | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Frequency | TOI (nominal) | |
| 10 to 350 MHz | -2 dBm | |
| > 350 MHz to 1.1GHz | -1 dBm | |
| > 1.1 to 2.6 GHz | 0 dBm | |
| > 2.6 to 3.6 GHz | +4 dBm | |
| > 3.6 to 13.6 GHz | +1 dBm | |
| > 13.6 to 21 GHz | -4 dBm | |
| > 21 to 26.5 GHz | +3 dBm | |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | +2 dBm | |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | -2 dBm | |

1c. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA off, PA on)

| Two –34 dBm tones at LNA input with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz | |
|---|---------------|
| Frequency | TOI (nominal) |
| 10 to 500 MHz | 0 dBm |
| > 500 MHz to 1.6 GHz | +2 dBm |
| > 1.6 to 3.6 GHz | +3 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 13.6 GHz | -12 dBm |
| > 13.6 to 21 GHz | -14 dBm |
| > 21 to 26.5 GHz | -8 dBm |
| > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | -10 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 41 GHz | -12 dBm |
| > 41 to 50 GHz | -6 dBm |

1d. Standard path (swept, preselector on, LNA on, PA on)

| Two –45 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz | | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Frequency | TOI (nominal) | |
| 30 to 500 MHz | -2 dBm | |
| > 500 MHz to 2 GHz | 0 dBm | |
| > 2 to 3.6 GHz | +4 dBm | |
| > 3.6 to 13.6 GHz | -17 dBm | |
| > 13.6 to 21 GHz | -22 dBm | |
| > 21 to 34.5 GHz | -16 dBm | |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | -20 dBm | |



2a. Low-noise path (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA off, PA off)

| Two –16 dBm (3.6 GHz to 26.5 GHz) or –20 dBm (26.5 GHz to 50 GHz) tones at input mixer with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz | | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Frequency | TOI (nominal) | |
| 3.6 to 13.6 GHz | +15 dBm | |
| > 13.6 to 23 GHz | +11 dBm | |
| > 23 to 34.5 GHz | +14 dBm | |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | +8 dBm | |

2b. Low-noise path (swept, Low-noise path enable, preselector on, LNA on, PA off)

| Two –45 dBm tones at preamp level with tone separation ≥ 100 kHz | | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Frequency | TOI (nominal) | |
| 3.6 to 13.6 GHz | 0 dBm | |
| > 13.6 to 21 GHz | -9 dBm | |
| > 21 to 34.5 GHz | -2 dBm | |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | -5 dBm | |



Phase Noise (SSB)

| Phase noise | Offset | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Typical, unless otherwise stated |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------------------|
| | 10 Hz Wide Ref Loop BW | | The factory test line limit is consistent with a warranted specification of –89 dBc/Hz | -93 dBc/Hz |
| Noise | 10 Hz Narrow Ref Loop BW | | | -88 dBc/Hz (nominal) |
| sidebands | 100 Hz | –107 dBc/Hz | –107 dBc/Hz | –112 dBc/Hz |
| (CF = 1 GHz) | 1 kHz | -123 dBc/Hz | -124 dBc/Hz | -127 dBc/Hz |
| | 10 kHz | –132 dBc/Hz | –134 dBc/Hz | –135 dBc/Hz |
| | 100 kHz | –138 dBc/Hz | –139 dBc/Hz | –141 dBc/Hz |
| | 1 MHz | –144 dBc/Hz | –145 dBc/Hz | –146 dBc/Hz |
| | 10 MHz | –154 dBc/Hzss | –155 dBc/Hz | –157 dBc/Hz |



Figure 7. Nominal UXA phase noise at various center frequencies. 50 GHz curve is the predicted phase noise computed from the 25.2 GHz observation. RBW curves added to show impact of analyzer phase noise in resolving two closely spaced signals for various RBW filter choices.



IQ Analyzer

All specifications based on preselector by-passed (RF path either Microwave Preselector Bypass or Full Bypass) (except < 3.6 GHz), unless otherwise noted. IF paths at 10, 25, 40, and 255 MHz are enabled by any of R10, R15, R20, or R40. Each bandwidth option includes and enables all others with lesser bandwidth; e.g. instruments with R20 also have R15 and R10 licenses, plus B2X, B40, and B25 paths.

10 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Standard)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 10 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

10 MHz analysis bandwidth (standard)

| Analysis bandwidth range | 10 Hz to 10 MHz | |
|---|---|--|
| Tuning range | 2 Hz to 50.0 GHz | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < ($\frac{1}{2}$ *BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. |
| | 50.0 to 110 GHz w/ V3050A | Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified |
| IF frequency | 5122.5 MHz (1st IF, center freq ≤ 3.6 GHz) | |
| | 322.5 MHz (Final IF) | |
| ADC sample rate | 100 MSa/sec | |
| ADC resolution | 16 bits | |
| Final data format | I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa | |
| Capture memory | 2 GB | |
| IQ Analyzer | 32,000,001 sample pairs | |
| | 536.8 MSa (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | 268.4 MSa (228 Sa) with 64-bit data packing | |
| Maximum capture time (time record length) | 35.8 sec at full 10 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing | Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth |

IF frequency response

| Center frequency | Span (MHz) | Preselector | Amplitude max error | Amplitude midwidth error (95%) | Slope (dB/MHz) (95%) | Amplitude RMS (nominal) |
|---------------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| ≤ 3.6 GHz | ≤ 10 MHz | NA | ± 0.20 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.10 dB | ± 0.03 dB |
| > 3.6 to 26.5 GHz | ≤ 10 MHz | Off | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.10 dB | ± 0.02 dB |
| > 26.5 to 50 GHz | ≤ 10 MHz | Off | ± 0.35 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.10 dB | ± 0.03 dB |

IF phase linearity

| Center frequency | Span (MHz) | Preselector | RMS (nominal) |
|------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| ≤ 3.6 GHz | ≤ 10 MHz | NA | 0.032 |
| > 3.6 GHz | ≤ 10 MHz | Off | 0.057 |



25 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B25)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 15 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

| Analysis bandwidth ran | ge | 10 Hz to 25 MHz | | |
|---|------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Tuning range | | 2 Hz to 50.0 GHz | | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified |
| | | 50.0 to 110 GHz w | / V3050A | |
| IF frequency | | 5122.5 MHz (1st IF | , center freq ≤ 3.6 GHz) | |
| ii iicqueiicy | | 322.5 MHz (Final II | -) | |
| ADC sample rate | | 100 MSa/sec | | |
| ADC resolution | | 16 bits | | |
| Final data format | | I & Q pairs, 32 bits | each, 64 bits/Sa | |
| Capture memory | | 2 GB | | |
| IQ Analyzer | | 32,000,001 sample pairs | | |
| Length (IQ sample pair | c) | 536.8 MSa (229 Sa) with 32-bit data packing | | |
| Length (log sample pair | 5) | 268.4 MSa (2 ²⁸ Sa) with 64-bit data packing | | |
| Maximum capture time (time record length) | | 11.9 sec at full 25 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing | | Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth |
| IF frequency response | se | | | |
| Center frequency | Span (MHz) | Preselector | Amplitude max error | Amplitude RMS (nominal) |
| ≤ 3.6 GHz | 10 to ≤ 25 | NA | ± 0.30 dB | ± 0.07 dB |
| > 3.6 to 26.5 GHz | 10 to ≤ 25 | Off | ± 0.40 dB | ± 0.04 dB |
| | | | ± 0.60 dB | ± 0.06 dB |

25 MHz analysis bandwidth (option B25)

IF phase linearity

| Center frequency | Span (MHz) | Preselector | RMS (nominal) |
|------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| ≤ 3.6 GHz | ≤ 25 MHz | NA | 0.11 |
| > 3.6 GHz | ≤ 25 MHz | Off | 0.27 |
| | | | |

Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

| Center frequency | Mixer level for IF gain = low | Mixer level for IF gain = high |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ≤ 3.6 GHz | -8 dBm | -17 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 34.5 | -7 dBm | -16 dBm |
| > 34.5 to 50 | -1 dBm | -12 dBm |
| Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF | Up to ± 1 dB nominal | |



40 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B40)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 65 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

| Analysis bandwidth range | Э | 10 Hz to 40 |) MHz | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Tuning range 2 Hz to 50.0 | |).0 GHz | | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but witho corrections, performance not specified. | |
| | | |) GHz w/ V3050A | | |
| IF frequency | | | | equency ≤ 3.6 GHz) | |
| | | 250 MHz (I | , | | |
| ADC sample rate | | 200 MSa/s 12 bits | ec | | |
| Final data format | | | , 32 bits each, 64 | hits/Sa | |
| Capture memory | | 2 GB | , 52 613 6861, 04 | 5113/54 | |
| IQ Analyzer | | | sample pairs | | |
| - | | | | 2-bit data packing | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | | | | 4-bit data packing | _ |
| Maximum capture time (t length) | ime record | | | with 32-bit data packing with 64-bit data packing | Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth |
| IF frequency response | ; | | | | |
| Center frequency | Span (M | Hz) | Preselector | Amplitude Max E | Fror Amplitude RMS (nominal) |
| 65 MHz to 3.6 GHz | ≤ 40 MH: | z | N/A | ± 0.37 dB | ± 0.09 dB |
| > 3.6 to 26.5 GHz | ≤ 40 MH: | Z | Off | ± 0.7 dB | ± 0.06 dB |
| > 26.5 to 50 GHz | ≤ 40 MH: | Z | Off | ± 1.0 dB | ± 0.08 dB |
| IF phase linearity | | | | | |
| Center frequency | Span (M | Hz) | | Preselector | RMS (nominal) |
| 65 MHz to 3.6 GHz | ≤ 40 MH: | Z | NA | | 0.08 |
| > 3.6 GHz | ≤ 40 MH: | Z | | Off | 0.3 |
| IF dynamic range (IF g | jain = low) (ne | ominal) | | | |
| SFDR (spurious-free dyn (ADC related spurious) | amic range) | | -80 dBc | | Signal at –12 dBFS, anywhere in full IF widt |
| IF residual responses | (relative to fu | ıll scale, inp | ut terminated, I | F gain = low) (nominal) | |
| Center frequency | | | | | |
| 65 MHz to 34.5 GHz | | | -112 dBFS | | |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | | -107 dBFS | | | |
| Full scale (ADC clipping | ng) (nominal) | | | | |
| Full scale (ADC clipping l guide. Mixer level is RF in | | | | t which ADC overload occ | urs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only |
| | | | Mixer level for IF gain = low | | Mixer level for IF gain = high |
| 65 MHz to 3.6 GHz | | | -7 dBm | | -14 dBm |
| > 3.6 to 17.1 GHz | | | -6 dBm | | -16 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | | -6 dBm | | -15 dBm | |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | | | | | |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz > 26.5 to 34.5 GHz | | | -7 dBm | | -11 dBm |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | | | | - utical | |

40 MHz analysis bandwidth (option B40)



Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

| Center frequency | |
|--------------------|--------|
| 65 MHz to 17.1 GHz | 144 dB |
| > 17.1 to 26.5 GHz | 141 dB |
| > 26.5 to 50 GHz | 134 dB |

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -19 dBFS, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Contor froqueney

| Center frequency | |
|--------------------|---------|
| 65 MHz to 34.5 GHz | -83 dBc |
| > 34.5 to 50 GHz | -81 dBc |
| | |

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF.

The IF part of the total noise is nominally ±1.5 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

| 3a. MPB | | 3b. LNA on | | 4a. FBP | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| IF gain = low | IF gain = high | IF gain = low | IF gain = high | IF gain = low | IF gain = high | |
| -146 dBm/Hz | -147 dBm/Hz | -161 dBm/Hz | -161 dBm/Hz | N/A | N/A | |
| -148 dBm/Hz | -149 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -150 dBm/Hz | -154 dBm/Hz | |
| -146 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -150 dBm/Hz | -153 dBm/Hz | |
| -146 dBm/Hz | -147 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -149 dBm/Hz | -152 dBm/Hz | |
| -143 dBm/Hz | -144 dBm/Hz | -156 dBm/Hz | -156 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -151 dBm/Hz | |
| -138 dBm/Hz | -138 dBm/Hz | -151 dBm/Hz | -151 dBm/Hz | -145 dBm/Hz | -145 dBm/Hz | |
| -128 dBm/Hz | -128 dBm/Hz | -143 dBm/Hz | -143 dBm/Hz | -140 dBm/Hz | -140 dBm/Hz | |
| Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz) (nominal) | | | | | | |
| put terminated, 0 dB | attenuation, IF gain = | low) | · | | | |
| | IF gain = low -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz (preselector enable | IF gain = low IF gain = high -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -144 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz (preselector enabled for frequencies and the formula of the f | IF gain = low IF gain = high IF gain = low -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -161 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -144 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz | IF gain = low IF gain = high IF gain = low IF gain = high -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -161 dBm/Hz -161 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -161 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -144 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz) (nominal) -143 dBm/Hz | IF gain = low IF gain = high IF gain = low IF gain = high IF gain = low -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -161 dBm/Hz -161 dBm/Hz N/A -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -144 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -138 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz -145 dBm/Hz -145 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz -128 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -140 dBm/Hz (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.6 GHz) (no | |

| ochici nequency | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 65 MHz to 19.0 GHz | -100 dBm | | | |
| > 19.0 to 21.0 GHz | -98 dBm | | | |
| > 21.0 to 40.0 GHz | -100 dBm | | | |
| > 40.0 to 41.0 GHz | -87 dBm | | | |
| > 41.0 to 50 GHz | -100 dBm | | | |
| Image responses | | | | |
| Tuned frequency (f) | Excitation frequency | | | |
| 65 MHz to 3.6 GHz | f + 2 * 1 st IF MHz | | | |
| | f + 2 * Final IF MHz | | | |
| > 3.6 to 50 GHz | f + 2 * Final IF MHz | | | |



255 MHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option B2X)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 400 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

| Analysis bandwidth range | 10 Hz to 255 MHz | |
|---|--|--|
| Tuning range | 2 Hz to 50.0 GHz | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified. |
| | 50.0 to 110 GHz w/V3050A | |
| IF fragmanau | 5490 MHz (1st IF, center freq \leq 3.3 GHz) | |
| IF frequency | 690 MHz (Final IF) | |
| ADC sample rate | 4.8 GSa/sec | |
| ADC resolution | 14 bits | |
| Final data format | I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa | |
| Capture memory | 16 GB | |
| IQ Analyzer | 32,000,001 sample pairs | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | 2,147,483,640 samples with 32-bit data packing | |
| Maximum capture time (time record length) | 14.3 sec at full 255 MHz BW with 32-bit data packing | Capture time increases linearly with decrease in bandwidth |

255 MHz analysis bandwidth (option B2X)

IF frequency response (span ≤ 255 MHz), microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

| 3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation) | | | 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | | 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) |
| 600 MHz to 3.3 GHz | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.55 dB | ± 0.04 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.06 dB | ± 0.35 dB | ± 0.15 dB |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | ± 0.85 dB | ± 0.65 dB | ± 0.04 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.15 dB |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | ± 1.0 dB | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.07 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.14 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.08 dB |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | ± 1.3 dB | ± 1.2 dB | ± 0.09 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.17 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.18 dB |
| > 24.5 to 49.55 GHz | ± 3.0 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 0.15 dB | ± 0.45 dB | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| > 49.55 to 50 GHz | ± 0.8 dB (non | ninal) | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.9 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 1.3 dB | ± 0.38 dB |

IF frequency response (span ≤ 255 MHz) full bypass path (FBP)

| | 4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation) | | | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | ± 0.8 dB | ± 0.7 dB | ± 0.15 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.08dB | |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | ± 0.9 dB | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.06 dB | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.08 dB | |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | ± 1.25 dB | ± 1.2 dB | ± 0.1 dB | ± 0.35 dB | ± 0.18 dB | |
| > 24.5 to 49.55 GHz | ± 2.45 dB | ± 2.2 dB | ± 0.15 dB | ± 0.6dB | ± 0.28 dB | |
| > 49.55 to 50 GHz | ± 0.75 dB (nominal) | | ± 0.23 dB | ± 0.95 dB | ± 0.4 dB | |

IF phase linearity

| Center frequency | Span (MHz) | Preselector | RMS (nominal) |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | NA | 1 |
| > 3.3 to 6 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 0.8 |
| > 6 to 18 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 0.5 |
| > 18 to 20 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 1.2 |
| > 20 to 28 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 0.8 |
| > 28 to 31 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 1.2 |
| > 31 to 35 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 0.8 |
| > 35 to 38 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 1.9 |
| > 38 GHz | ≤ 255 MHz | Off | 0.8 |



IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal)

| (ADC related spuriou | dynamic range) ıs) | -78 dBc | | Signal a | t –21 dBFS, anywhere | e in full IF width |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| IF residual respon | ses (relative to fu | II scale, input term | inated, IF gain = I | ow) (nominal) | | |
| Center frequency | | | | | | |
| 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz | | | -101 | dBFS | | |
| > 3.3 to 24.5 GHz | | | -105 | | | |
| > 24.5 to 50 GHz | | | -99 d | BFS | | |
| Full scale (ADC cli | pping) (nominal) | | | | | |
| | | estimate of the signal less attenuation sett | | C overload occurs. Ac | tual clipping levels var | y significantly; this is |
| Center frequency | | Mixer level for IF | • | Mixer | evel for IF gain = hig | ah |
| 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz | | -6 dBm | g | -9 dBm | | 5 |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | | -8 dBm | | -14 dBm | 1 | |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | | -8 dBm | | -11 dBm | | |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | | -8 dBm | | -16 dBm | | |
| > 24.5 to 50 GHz | | -7 dBm | | -10 dBm | | |
| Effect of signal frequ | ency ≠ CF | Up to ± 2 dB nomin | nal | 1 | | |
| • • | • | g level to noise lev | /el, log averaged, | 1 Hz RBW, IF gain | = low) (nominal) | |
| Center frequency | | | | | | |
| 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz | | 147 dB | | | | |
| > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz | | 145 dB | | | | |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | | 140 dB | | | | |
| > 24.5 GHz | | 136 dB | | | | |
| | | | ones of equal leve | I @ -25 dBFS, 10 M | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) | | | ones of equal leve | I @ -25 dBFS, 10 M | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) Center frequency | | | ones of equal leve | I @ -25 dBFS, 10 M | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) | | -82 dBc -81 dBc | ones of equal leve | I @ -25 dBFS, 10 M | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz | | -82 dBc | nes of equal leve | I @ -25 dBFS, 10 M | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | | -82 dBc -81 dBc | nes of equal leve | I @ -25 dBFS, 10 M | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz | | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc | | | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the | • (characterized at e IF will change for f | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from | I and center of IF, | 0 dB attenuation) | | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the | • (characterized a t e IF will change for f al noise is nominally | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w | 0 dB attenuation) | · · · | IF gain = high) |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot | F (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from r±1.5 dB worse at the | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on | 0 dB attenuation) =. ithin the IF bandwidth | 3b. FBP | |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency | • (characterized at e IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from t ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow | 0 dB attenuation) =. ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high | 3b. FBP IF gain = low | IF gain = high |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz | (characterized at a lF will change for fal noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from t ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz | 0 dB attenuation) - ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A | IF gain = high |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 5.95 GHz | (characterized at F will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from y ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz | 0 dB attenuation) - ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 5.95 GHz 10.95 GHz | (characterized at F will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from y ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz | 0 dB attenuation) | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 5.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from y ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz | and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz | 0 dB attenuation) | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 5.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz | Characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz | and center of IF, the center of the lie worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 5.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz Spurious response | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz es (preselector er | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from r±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz abled for frequenc | I and center of IF, In the center of the II worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz ities > 3.3 GHz) (no | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 5.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz Spurious response Residual responses | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz es (preselector er | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz | I and center of IF, In the center of the II worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz ities > 3.3 GHz) (no | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 1.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz Spurious responses Residual responses Center frequency | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz es (preselector er | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from y ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz mabled for frequence dB attenuation, IF ga | I and center of IF, In the center of the II worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz ities > 3.3 GHz) (no | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 5.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz Spurious responses Residual responses Center frequency 400 MHz to 50 GHz | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz es (preselector er | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from r±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz abled for frequence | I and center of IF, In the center of the II worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz ities > 3.3 GHz) (no | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 1.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz Spurious responses Center frequency 400 MHz to 50 GHz Image responses | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz es (preselector er (input terminated, 0) | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from y ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz -199 dBm | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz in = high) | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 10.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz Spurious responses Center frequency 400 MHz to 50 GHz Image responses | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz es (preselector er (input terminated, 0) | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz babled for frequence dB attenuation, IF ga -99 dBm Excitation freque | I and center of IF, n the center of the II e worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz in = high) | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |
| (nominal) Center frequency 400 MHz to 3.3 GHz > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz > 24.5 GHz Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tot Center frequency 1.65 GHz 1.65 GHz 1.95 GHz 10.95 GHz 18.9 GHz 37.25 GHz Spurious responses Residual responses Center frequency | (characterized at a IF will change for f al noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz es (preselector er (input terminated, 0 f) | -82 dBc -81 dBc -77 dBc -76 dBc t center of RF band requencies away from y ±1.5 dB worse at the IF gain = high -148 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -143 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz -137 dBm/Hz -199 dBm | I and center of IF, In the center of the II worst frequency w 3b. LNA on IF gain = Iow -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz iies > 3.3 GHz) (no in = high) | 0 dB attenuation) ithin the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -162 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -156 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | 3b. FBP IF gain = low N/A -152 dBm/Hz -152 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz | IF gain = high N/A -155 dBm/Hz -154 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz |



| 3a. MPB (10 dB | attenuation) | 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) |
|----------------|---|--|---|
| Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal | Nominal |
| ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.5 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.6 dB |
| ± 1.4 dB | ± 1.3 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.2 dB |
| ± 1.9 dB | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.3 dB |
| ± 1.9 dB | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.4 dB |
| ± 2.8 dB | ± 2.4 dB | ± 0.9 dB | ± 0.8 dB |
| ± 3.3 dB | ± 2.8 dB | ± 1.0 dB | ± 1.3 dB |
| | Full range ± 1.6 dB ± 1.4 dB ± 1.9 dB ± 1.9 dB ± 2.8 dB | $\begin{array}{c} \pm 1.6 \text{ dB} & \pm 1.5 \text{ dB} \\ \pm 1.4 \text{ dB} & \pm 1.3 \text{ dB} \\ \pm 1.9 \text{ dB} & \pm 1.7 \text{ dB} \\ \pm 1.9 \text{ dB} & \pm 1.7 \text{ dB} \\ \pm 2.8 \text{ dB} & \pm 2.4 \text{ dB} \end{array}$ | Full range 20 to 30 °C Nominal ± 1.6 dB ± 1.5 dB ± 0.5 dB ± 1.4 dB ± 1.3 dB ± 0.2 dB ± 1.9 dB ± 1.7 dB ± 0.3 dB ± 1.9 dB ± 1.7 dB ± 0.4 dB ± 2.8 dB ± 2.4 dB ± 0.9 dB |

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

| | 4a. FBP (10 dB att | enuation) | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | ± 1.4 dB | ± 1.3 dB | ± 0.2 dB |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | ± 1.8 dB | ± 1.6 dB | ± 0.3 dB |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | ± 2.1 dB | ± 1.8 dB | ± 0.4 dB |
| > 24.5 to 39 GHz | ± 2.6 dB | ± 2.3 dB | ± 1.0 dB |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 2.9 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 1.2 dB |



1 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R10)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 700 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

| 1.0 GHz analysis bandw | vidth (option R10) |
|------------------------|--------------------|
|------------------------|--------------------|

| Analysis bandwidth range | 10 Hz to 1 GHz | |
|---|---|---|
| Tuning range | 2 Hz to 50.0 GHz | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified. |
| | 50.0 to 110 GHz w/ V3050A | |
| IF frequency | 5490 MHz (1 st IF, center freq \leq 3.3 GHz) | |
| | 690 MHz (Final IF) | |
| ADC sample rate | 4.8 GSa/sec | |
| ADC resolution | 14 bits | |
| Final data format | I & Q pairs, 32 bits each | |
| Capture memory | 16 GB | |
| IQ Analyzer | 32,000,001 sample pairs | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | 4,294,967,296 samples with 32-bit data packing | |
| Maximum capture time (time record length) | 3.58 s at full 1.0 GHz BW with 32-bit data packing | Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth |

IF frequency response (span ≤ 1 GHz), microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

| 3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation) | | | 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | | 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) |
| 700 MHz to 3.3 GHz | ± 1.8 dB | ± 1.6 dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.55 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.6 dB | ± 0.13 dB |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | ± 1.5 dB | ± 1.2 dB | ± 0.1 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.13 dB |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | ± 1.25 dB | ±1dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.45 dB | ± 0.13 dB | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.07 dB |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.25 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.6 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.15 dB |
| > 24.5 to 48.55 GHz | ± 2.95 dB | ± 2.25 dB | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.6 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| > 48.55 to 50 GHz | ± 0.9 dB | (nominal) | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.9 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 1.2 dB | ± 0.4 dB |

IF frequency response (span ≤ 1 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

| | 4a. FBP (10 dB a | attenuation) | | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | ± 1.5 dB | ± 1.25 dB | ± 0.13 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.09 dB | |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | ± 1.15 dB | ± 0.9 dB | ± 0.06 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.1 dB | |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | ± 1.7 dB | ± 1.4 dB | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.16 dB | |
| > 24.5 to 48.55 GHz | ± 2.3 dB | ± 1.85 dB | ± 0.1 dB | ± 1.0 dB | ± 0.35 dB | |
| > 48.55 to 50 GHz | ± 0 | .9 dB (nominal) | ± 0.18 dB | ± 1.25 dB | ± 0.35 dB | |

IF phase linearity

| ≤ 1000 MHz | N/A | 1.5 |
|---------------------|--|---|
| ≤ 1000 MHz | Off | 1 |
| ≤ 1000 MHz | Off | 1.5 |
| ≤ 1000 MHz | Off | 2 |
| n = high) (nominal) | | |
| | 5 1000 MHz 5 1000 MHz 5 1000 MHz 5 1000 MHz | A 1000 MHz Off 5 1000 MHz Off 5 1000 MHz Off 6 1000 MHz Off |

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious) -66 dBc

Signal at -27 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width


| IF residual responses | (relative to Full Scale | input terminated. IF | gain = high) (nominal) |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|
| | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | , | gam mgm/ (nonnai/ |

| Center frequency | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 700 MHz to 13.3 GHz | -91 dBFS | | | | |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz -88 dBFS | | | | | |
| > 24.5 to 50 GHz -78 dBFS | | | | | |
| Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal) | | | | | |
| Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough est a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less att | imate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only enuation setting. | | | | |

| a galaci linke lote la linpatie lot e la | indexion ootanig. | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Center frequency | Mixer level for IF gain = low | Mixer level for IF gain = high |
| 700 MHz to 3.3 GHz | -6 dBm | -8 dBm |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | -8 dBm | -14 dBm |
| > 8.6 to13.3 GHz | -8 dBm | -11 dBm |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | -8 dBm | -16 dBm |
| > 24.5 to 50 GHz | -7 dBm | -10 dBm |
| Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF | Up to ±3.5 dB nominal | |

Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipping level to noise level, log averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low) (nominal)

| Center frequency | |
|--------------------|--------|
| 700 MHz to 3.3 GHz | 147 dB |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | 146 dB |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | 144 dB |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | 140 dB |
| > 24.5 to 50 GHz | 135 dB |

TOI (3rd-order intermodulation distortion in the IF, 2 tones of equal level @ -27 dBF-S, 10 MHz tone separation, IF gain = high) (nominal)

| Center frequency | |
|--------------------|---------|
| 700 MHz to 3.3 GHz | -77 dBc |
| > 3.3 to 13.3 GHz | -75 dBc |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | -72 dBc |
| > 24.5 to 50 GHz | -69 dBc |

Noise density in IF (characterized at center of RF band and center of IF, 0 dB attenuation)

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF.

The IF part of the total noise is nominally 4.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

| Center frequency | 3a. MPB | 3b | . LNA on | 4a. FBP | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| | IF gain = low | IF gain = high | IF gain = low | IF gain = high | IF gain = low | IF gain = high |
| 1.65 GHz | -144 dBm/Hz | -145 dBm/Hz | -160 dBm/Hz | -161 dBm/Hz | N/A | N/A |
| 5.95 GHz | -147 dBm/Hz | -150 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -159 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -154 dBm/Hz |
| 10.95 GHz | -146 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -157 dBm/Hz | -157 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -153 dBm/Hz |
| 18.9 GHz | -141 dBm/Hz | -141 dBm/Hz | -155 dBm/Hz | -155 dBm/Hz | -145 dBm/Hz | -147 dBm/Hz |
| 37.25 GHz | -137 dBm/Hz | -137 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -145 dBm/Hz | -147 dBm/Hz |

Spurious responses (preselector enabled for frequencies > 3.3 GHz) (nominal)

| Residual responses (input terminated | , 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = high) |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|

| Center frequency | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| 700 MHz to 20.5 GHz | -90 dBm |
| > 20.5 to 21.5 GHz | -81 dBm |
| > 21.5 to 50 GHz | -90 dBm |
| Image responses | |
| Tuned frequency (f) | Excitation frequency |
| 700 MUL- to 2.2 OUL- | f + 2 * 1st IF MHz |

| 700 MHz to 3.3 GHz | f + 2 * 1st IF MHz |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 700 MINZ 10 5.5 GHZ | f + 2 * Final IF MHz |
| > 3.3 to 50 GHz | f + 2 * Final IF MHz |



| Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB | Amplitude accuracy | , absolute, | microwave | preselector I | oypass | path | (MPB) |
|--|--------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|--------|------|-------|
|--|--------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|--------|------|-------|

| | 3a. MPB (10 dB a | attenuation) | 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal | Nominal |
| 700 MHz to 3.3 GHz | ± 1.5 dB | ± 1.4 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.3 dB |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | ± 1.3 dB | ± 1.2 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.3 dB |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.4 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.4 dB |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | ± 1.9 dB | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.3 dB |
| > 24.5 to 39 GHz | ± 2.7 dB | ± 2.3 dB | ± 0.8 dB | ± 0.7 dB |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 3.2 dB | ± 2.6 dB | ± 0.9 dB | ± 1.1 dB |

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

| 4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation) | | | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal | | |
| > 3.3 to 8.6 GHz | ± 1.3 dB | ± 1.2 dB | ± 0.2 dB | | |
| > 8.6 to 13.3 GHz | ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.4 dB | ± 0.4 dB | | |
| > 13.3 to 24.5 GHz | ± 1.9dB | ± 1.6 dB | ± 0.3 dB | | |
| > 24.5 to 39 GHz | ± 2.8 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 0.9 dB | | |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 3.0 dB | ± 2.7 dB | ± 1.0 dB | | |



1.5 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R15)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies of 950 MHz and higher. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

| Analysis bandwidth range | 10 Hz to 1.5 GHz | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Tuning range | 2 Hz to 50.0 GHz | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified. | |
| | 50.0 to 110 GHz w/ V3050A | | |
| | 5750 MHz (1st IF, center freq ≤ 3.5 GHz) | | |
| IF frequency | 1200 MHz (Final IF: CF > 3.5 GHz) | | |
| | 950 MHz (Final IF: CF ≤ 3.5 GHz | | |
| ADC sample rate | 4.8 GSa/sec | | |
| ADC resolution | 14 bits | | |
| Final data format | I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa | | |
| Capture memory | 16 GB | | |
| IQ Analyzer | 32,000,001 sample pairs | | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | 3,355,443,186 samples with 32-bit data packing | | |
| Capture time (time record length) | 1.79 s at full 1.5 GHz BW with 32-bit data packing | Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth | |

1.5 GHz analysis bandwidth (option R15)

IF frequency response (span ≤ 1.5 GHz) microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

| 3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation) | | | 3b. LNA on | (0 dB attenuation) | 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) |
| 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz | ± 2.0 dB | ± 1.85 dB | ± 0.13 dB | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.13 dB | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.16 dB |
| > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 1.4 dB | ±1dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.1 dB | ± 0.35 dB | ± 0.1 dB |
| > 8.9 to 24 GHz | ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.25 dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.14 dB | ± 0.35 dB | ± 0.1 dB |
| > 24 to 45 GHz | ± 2.75 dB | ± 2.25 dB | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.22 dB |
| > 45 to 50 GHz | ± 0.8 dB (nom | ninal) | ± 0.16 dB | ±1dB | ± 0.16 dB | ±1dB | ± 0.22 dB |

IF frequency response (span \leq 1.5 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

| | 4a. FBP (10 dB | attenuation) | | 4b. LNA on (| (0 dB attenuation) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) |
| > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.25 dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.1 dB |
| > 8.9 to 24 GHz | ± 1.65 dB | ± 1.25 dB | ± 0.08 dB | ± 0.45 dB | ± 0.14 dB |
| > 24 to 45 GHz | ± 2.25 dB | ± 1.85 dB | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.75 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| > 45 to 50 GHz | ± 0.85 dB (nomin | ial) | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.85 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| IF phase linearity | | | | | |
| Center frequency | Span (| MHz) | | Preselector | RMS (nominal) |
| 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz | ≤ 1500 | MHz | | NA | 1.5 |
| > 3.5 to 16 GHz | ≤ 1500 | MHz | | Off | 0.5 |
| > 16 to 29 GHz | ≤ 1500 | MHz | | Off | 1.5 |
| > 29 to 35 GHz | ≤ 1500 | MHz | | Off | 2 |
| > 35 GHz | ≤ 1500 | MHz | | Off | 3 |
| IF dynamic range (IF gair | n = high) (nominal) | | | | |
| SFDR (spurious-free dynam spurious) | ic range) (ADC related | -60 dBc | | | Signal at –22 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width |



| Center frequency | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 950 MHz to 50 GHz | | | -75 | dBFS | | | | | |
| Full scale (ADC clip | oping) (nominal) | | | | | | | | |
| Full scale (ADC clippi a guide. Mixer level is | | | | OC overload occurs. Ac | tual clipping levels vary | v significantly; this is on | | | |
| Center frequency | | Mixer level for I | F gain = low | | Mixer level for IF | gain = high | | | |
| 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz | | -5 dBm | • | | -6 dBm | | | | |
| > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | | -7 dBm | | | -15 dBm | | | | |
| > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz | | -7 dBm | | | -16 dBm | | | | |
| > 24.0 to 50 GHz | | -7 dBm | | | -10 dBm | | | | |
| Effect of signal freque | ency ≠ CF | Up to ± 4 dB nom | inal | | | | | | |
| Signal to noise rati | o (ratio of clippin | g level to noise le | evel, log averaged | , 1 Hz RBW, IF gain | = low) (nominal) | | | | |
| Center frequency | | | | | | | | | |
| 950 MHz to 8.9 GHz | | | 147 dB | | | | | | |
| > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz | | | 143 dB | | | | | | |
| > 24.0 to 50 GHz | | | 137 dB | | | | | | |
| TOI (3rd-order inter (nominal) | modulation disto | ortion in the IF, 2 t | ones of equal lev | el @ -19 dBFS, 10 M | Hz tone separation, | IF gain = high) | | | |
| Center frequency | | | | | | | | | |
| 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz | | | -77 dBc | | | | | | |
| > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | | | -75 dBc | | | | | | |
| > 8.9 to 50 GHz | | | | | -70 dBc | | | | |
| | | | -70 abc | | | | | | |
| | (characterized at | center of RF ban | | . 0 dB attenuation) | | | | | |
| Noise density in IF | - | | d and center of IF | | | | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the | IF will change for f | requencies away fro | d and center of IF m the center of the | | 1. | | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the | IF will change for f | requencies away fro | d and center of IF m the center of the | IF. | n. 4a. FBP | | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota | IF will change for find the second se | requencies away fro | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency | IF. | | IF gain = high | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA | NA | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz | | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz | d and center of IF m the center of the he worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious response | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious response Residual responses (i | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious response Residual responses (i Center frequency | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious responses Residual responses (i Center frequency 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n ain = high) -87 dBm -104 dBm | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious response Residual responses (i Center frequency 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n ain = high) -87 dBm -104 dBm -81 dBm | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious response Residual responses (i Center frequency 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n ain = high) -87 dBm -104 dBm | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious response Residual responses (i Center frequency 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz > 24.0 to 50 GHz | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n ain = high) -87 dBm -104 dBm -81 dBm | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious responses Residual responses (i Center frequency 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz > 24.0 to 50 GHz Image responses | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en input terminated, 0 | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n ain = high) -87 dBm -104 dBm -81 dBm | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz ominal) | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious response Residual responses (i Center frequency 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz > 24.0 to 50 GHz Image responses Tuned frequency (f | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en input terminated, 0 | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n ain = high) -87 dBm -104 dBm -98 dBm | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz ominal) | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |
| Noise density in IF The noise level in the The IF part of the tota Center frequency 1.75 GHz 6.2 GHz 16.45 GHz 37 GHz Spurious responses Residual responses (i Center frequency 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz > 24.0 to 50 GHz Image responses | IF will change for fi I noise is nominally 3a. MPB IF gain = low -143 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -146 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz s (preselector en input terminated, 0 | requencies away fro ± 4.0 dB worse at f IF gain = high -144 dBm/Hz -150 dBm/Hz -147 dBm/Hz -136 dBm/Hz abled for frequen | d and center of IF m the center of the the worst frequency 3b. LNA on IF gain = low -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz cies > 3.5 GHz) (n ain = high) -87 dBm -104 dBm -81 dBm -98 dBm | IF. within the IF bandwidth IF gain = high -160 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -158 dBm/Hz -148 dBm/Hz ominal) | 4a. FBP IF gain = low NA -149 dBm/Hz -151 dBm/Hz | NA -154 dBm/Hz -153 dBm/Hz | | | |



Amplitude accuracy, absolute, microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

| 3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation) | | | 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal | Nominal | |
| 950 MHz to 3.5 GHz | ± 1.3 dB | ± 1.2 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.3 dB | |
| > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 1.5 dB | ± 1.3 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.3 dB | |
| > 8.9 to 24 GHz | ± 1.9 dB | ± 1.6 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.4 dB | |
| > 24 to 39 GHz | ± 2.9 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 1.0 dB | ± 0.9 dB | |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 3.5 dB | ± 2.9 dB | ± 1.0 dB | ± 1.1 dB | |
| Amplitude accuracy, at | osolute, full bypass p | oath (FBP) | | | |
| | 4a. FBP | (10 dB attenuation) | | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | |
| Frequency | Full rang | e | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal | |
| > 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 1.4 dB | | ± 1.3 dB | ± 0.3 dB | |
| > 8.9 to 24 GHz | ± 1.9 dB | | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.5 dB | |
| > 24 to 39 GHz | ± 2.7 dB | | ± 2.4 dB | ± 1.0 dB | |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 2.9 dB | | ± 2.5 dB | ± 1.3 dB | |



2 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R20)

All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

| 2.0 GHz analysis bandwidth (option | R20) | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Analysis bandwidth range | 10 Hz to 2 GHz | | |
| Tuning range | 3.5 GHz to 50.0 GHz | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. | |
| | 50.0 to 110 GHz w/ V3050A | Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without correction performance not specified | |
| IF frequency | 1200 MHz (Final IF) | | |
| ADC sample rate | 4.8 GSa/sec | | |
| ADC resolution | 14 bits | | |
| Final data format | I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa | | |
| Capture memory | 16 GB | | |
| IQ Analyzer | 32,000,001 sample pairs | | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | 4,294,967,280 samples with 32-bit data packing | | |
| Capture time (time record length) | 1.79 s at full 2.0 GHz BW with 32-bit data packing | Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth | |

IF frequency response (span ≤ 2 GHz) microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

| 3a. MPB (10 dB attenuation) | | | | 3b. LNA on (| 0 dB attenuation) | 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) |
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.25 dB | ± 0.06 dB | ± 0.35 dB | ± 0.1 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.1 dB |
| > 8.9 to 24 GHz | ± 2.0 dB | ± 1.4 dB | ± 0.06 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.15 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.14 dB |
| > 24 to 48 GHz | ± 3.2 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 0.16 dB | ± 0.65 dB | ± 0.25 dB | ± 0.65 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| sss> 48 to 50 GHz | ± 1.2 dB (nom | ninal) ± 0 | .2 dB | ± 1.1 dB | ± 0.25 dB | ± 1 dB | ± 0.25 dB |

IF frequency response (span \leq 2 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

| | 4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation) | | | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | |
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 2.1 dB | ± 1.5 dB | ± 0.1 dB | ± 0.3 dB | ± 0.1 dB | |
| > 8.9 to 24 GHz | ± 2.1 dB | ± 1.5 dB | ± 0.09 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.15 dB | |
| > 24 to 48 GHz | ± 2.6 dB | ± 2 dB | ± 0.1 dB | ± 0.65 dB | ± 0.25 dB | |
| > 48 to 50 GHz | ± 1 dB (nominal) | | ± 0.15 dB | ± 1.1 dB | ± 0.25 dB | |
| IF phase linearity | | | | | ! | |

| Center frequency | Span (MHz) | Preselector | RMS (nominal) | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ≤ 2000 MHz | Off | 0.6° | | | |
| > 8.9 to 16 GHz | ≤ 2000 MHz | Off | 0.7° | | | |
| > 16 to 25 GHz | ≤ 2000 MHz | Off | 1.2° | | | |
| > 25 GHz | ≤ 2000 MHz | Off | 2.2° | | | |
| IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal) | | | | | | |
| SEDR (spurious-free o | typamic range) | | | | | |

```
(ADC related spurious) -65 dBc
```

Signal at -22 dBFS, anywhere in full IF width

IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency

3.5 to 50 GHz

-75 dBFS



Full scale (ADC clipping) (nominal)

Full scale (ADC clipping level) is a rough estimate of the signal level at which ADC overload occurs. Actual clipping levels vary significantly; this is only a guide. Mixer level is RF input level less attenuation setting.

| Center frequency | Mixer level for IF | gain = low | Mixer level for IF gain = high | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | -7 dBm | | -15 dBm | |
| > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz | -7 dBm | | -16 dBm | |
| > 24.0 to 50 GHz | -7 dBm | | -10 dBm | |
| Effect of signal frequency ≠ CF | Up to ± 4 dB nomination | al | | |
| Signal to noise ratio (ratio of clipp | ing level to noise level, l | og averaged, 1 Hz RBW, IF gain = low |) (nominal) | |
| Center frequency | | | | |
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | | 147 dB | | |
| > 8.9 to 24.0 GHz | | 143 dB | | |
| > 24.0 to 50 GHz | | 137 dB | | |
| TOI (3rd-order intermodulation dis | stortion in the IF, 2 tones | of equal level @ -19 dBFS, 10 MHz to | ne separation, IF gain = high) | |
| (nominal) | | | | |
| (nominal) Center frequency | | | | |
| , , , | | -75 dBc | | |
| Center frequency | | -75 dBc -70 dBc | | |

The noise level in the IF will change for frequencies away from the center of the IF.

The IF part of the total noise is nominally ± 2.0 dB worse at the worst frequency within the IF bandwidth.

| 3a. MPB | | | 3b. LNA on | | 4a. FBP | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| Center frequency | IF gain = low | IF gain = high | IF gain = low | IF gain = high | IF gain = low | IF gain = high | |
| 6.2 GHz | -147 dBm/Hz | -150 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -157 dBm/Hz | -149 dBm/Hz | -154 dBm/Hz | |
| 16.45 GHz | -147 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -158 dBm/Hz | -151 dBm/Hz | -153 dBm/Hz | |
| 37 GHz | -137 dBm/Hz | -137 dBm/Hz | -149 dBm/Hz | -148 dBm/Hz | -145 dBm/Hz | -145 dBm/Hz | |

Spurious responses (preselector enabled) (nominal)

| Residual responses (input terminated, 0 dB attenuation, IF gain = | nigh) |
|---|-------|
| Contor fraguenou | |

| Center nequency | |
|--------------------|----------|
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | -104 dBm |
| > 8.9 to 20.5 GHz | -98 dBm |
| > 20.5 to 24.0 GHz | -81 dBm |
| > 24.0 to 50 GHz | -98 dBm |

Image responses

| Tuned frequency (f) | Excitation frequency |
|---|----------------------|
| 3.5 to 50 GHz | f + 2 * Final IF MHz |
| Amulitude econocio electro mienerre mucelecter hu | |

| Amplitude accuracy, absolute | e, microwave preselector | bypass path (MPB) |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|

| | 3a. MPB (10 d | B attenuation) | 3b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | 3c. PA on (0 dB attenuation) |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal | Nominal |
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 1.7 dB | ± 1.6 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.4 dB |
| > 8.9 to 24GHz | ± 2.0 dB | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.6 dB | ± 0.4 dB |
| > 24 to 39 GHz | ± 2.8 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 1.0 dB | ± 0.9 dB |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 3.5 dB | ± 2.9 dB | ± 1.0 dB | ± 1.0 dB |

Amplitude accuracy, absolute, full bypass path (FBP)

| | 4a. FBP (10 dB | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal |
| 3.5 to 8.9 GHz | ± 1.6 dB | ± 1.5 dB | ± 0.4 dB |
| > 8.9 to 24GHz | ± 1.9 dB | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.4 dB |
| > 24 to 39 GHz | ± 2.6 dB | ± 2.3 dB | ± 0.9 dB |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 2.9 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 1.0 dB |



4 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option R40)

All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF gain = Auto, IF gain offset = 0 dB.

4 GHz analysis bandwidth (option R40)

| Analysis bandwidth range | 40 MHz to 4.0 GHz | |
|---|---|--|
| Tuning range | 10 to 50 GHz | In practice, low end of tuning range limited to < (½*BW), by image folding and LO feedthrough. Over-range tuning to 50.5 GHz allowed, but without corrections, performance not specified |
| | > 50.0 to 108 GHz w/ V3050A | |
| IF frequency | 2550 MHz (Final IF) | |
| ADC sample rate | 10.2 GSa/sec | |
| ADC resolution | 12 bits | |
| Final data format | I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa | |
| Capture memory | 16 GB | |
| IQ Analyzer | 32,000,001 sample pairs | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | 4,210,752,234 samples with 32-bit data packing | |
| Maximum capture time (time record length) | 0.84 s at full 4.0 GHz BW with 32-bit data packing | Capture time increases with each full power-of-2 decrease in bandwidth |

IF frequency response (span ≤ 4 GHz) microwave preselector bypass path (MPB)

| | 3a. MPB (10 | dB attenuation |) | 3b. LNA on attenuation | • | 3c. PA on (| 0 dB attenuation) |
|---------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) |
| 10 to 22.7 GHz | ± 2.2 dB | ± 1.75 dB | ± 0.13 dB | ± 0.6 dB | ± 0.15 dB | ± 0.5 dB | ± 0.35 dB |
| > 22.7 to 46.75 GHz | ± 4.5 dB | ± 3.7 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.7 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ± 0.9 dB | ± 0.25 dB |
| > 46.75 to 49 GHz | ± 1 dB (nomi | nal) | ± 0.2 dB | ± 1.1 dB | ± 0.2 dB | ±1dB | ± 0.25 dB |

IF frequency response (span ≤ 4 GHz) full bypass path (FBP)

| 4a. FBP (10 dB attenuation) | | | | | 4b. LNA on (0 dB attenuation) | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|----------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | RMS (nominal) | Nominal | RMS (nominal) | | |
| 10 to 22.7 GHz | ± 2.3 dB | ± 1.8 dB | ± 0.12 dB | ± 0.6 dB | ± 0.15 dB | | |
| > 22.7 to 46.75 GHz | ± 3.0 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 0.15 dB | ± 0.7 dB | ± 0.25 dB | | |
| > 46.75 to 49 GHz | ± 1 dB (nominal) | | ± 0.15 dB | ± 1.1 dB | ± 0.25 dB | | |

IF Phase linearity

| Center frequency | Span (MHz) | Preselector | RMS (nominal) |
|------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 10 to 17 GHz | ≤ 4000 MHz | Off | 0.8 |
| > 17 to 26 GHz | ≤ 4000 MHz | Off | 1.3 |
| > 26 to 34 GHz | ≤ 4000 MHz | Off | 2.2 |
| > 34 GHz | ≤ 4000 MHz | Off | 2.7 |

IF dynamic range (IF gain = high) (nominal)

SFDR (spurious-free dynamic range) (ADC related spurious) -69 dBc

(ADC related spurious)

IF residual responses (relative to full scale, input terminated, IF gain = high) (nominal)

Center frequency 10 to 50 GHz

-87 dBFS



Signal at -16 dB FS, anywhere in full IF

width

| | ng level) is a rough estim | | at which ADC overload | occurs. Actual clipp | ing levels vary sigr | nificantly; this is |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | vel is RF input level less | | | | | |
| Center frequency | | | or IF gain = low | | vel for IF gain = I | high |
| 10 to 22.7 GHz | | -6 dBm | | -16 dBm | | |
| > 22.7 to 50 GHz | | -6 dBm | | -13 dBm | | |
| Effect of signal freque | | Up to $\pm 4 \text{ dB}$ | | | | |
| Signal to noise rati | o (ratio of clipping lev | el to noise level, lo | g averaged, 1 Hz RBV | V, IF gain = low) (ı | nominal) | |
| Center frequency | | | · | | | |
| 10 to 22.7 GHz | | | 144 dB | | | |
| > 22.7 to 50 GHz | | | 139 dB | | | |
| TOI (3rd-order inter (nominal) | modulation distortion | in the IF, 2 tones o | f equal level @ -14 dl | BFS, 10 MHz tone | separation, IF g | ain = high) |
| Center frequency | | | | | | |
| 10 to 22.7 GHz | | | -66 dBc | | | |
| > 22.7 to 50 GHz | | | -69 dBc | | | |
| Noise density in IF | (characterized at cent | er of RF band and | center of IF, 0 dB atte | nuation) | | |
| The noise level in the | IF will change for freque | ncies away from the c | enter of the IF. | | | |
| The IF part of the tota | I noise is nominally ± 5.0 |) dB worse at the wors | st frequency within the IF | bandwidth. | | |
| | 3a. MPB | | 3b. LNA on | | 4a. FBP | |
| Center frequency | IF gain = lo | w IF gain = hig | h IF gain = low | IF gain = high | IF gain = low | IF gain = higl |
| 16.35 GHz | -139 dBm/H | z -142 dBm/Hz | -156 dBm/Hz | -155 dBm/Hz | -143 dBm/Hz | -147 dBm/Hz |
| 36.35 GHz -135 dBm/Hz -135 dBm/Hz | | -148 dBm/Hz -149 dBm/Hz -140 dBm/Hz -144 dBm/Hz | | | | |
| Spurious response | s (preselector enabled | d) (nominal) | | | | |
| Residual responses (i | nput terminated, 0 dB at | tenuation, IF gain = hi | gh) | | | |
| Center frequency | | | | | | |
| 10 to 21.0 GHz | | | -75 dBm | | | |
| > 21.0 to 21.5 GHz | | | -65 dBm | | | |
| > 21.5 to 50 GHz | | | -75 dBm | | | |
| Image responses | | | | | | |
| Tuned frequency (f |) | | Excitation frequ | uencv | | |
| 10 to 50 GHz | | | f + 2 * Final IF MI | • | | |
| Amplitude accurac | y, absolute, microwav | e preselector bypas | ss path (MPB) | | | |
| - | | | 3b. LNA on | | | |
| | 3a. MPB (10 dB atte | enuation) | (0 dB attenuation) | 3c. P | A on (0 dB atten | uation) |
| Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | Nominal | Nom | inal | |
| 10 to 22.7 GHz | ± 1.9 dB | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.4 dB | ± 0.3 | dB | |
| > 22.7 to 39 GHz | ± 2.8 dB | ± 2.5 dB | ± 0.7 dB | ± 0.6 | | |
| > 39 to 50 GHz | ± 3.3 dB | ± 2.8 dB | ± 0.7 dB | ± 0.8 | dB | |
| Amplitude accurac | y, absolute, full bypas | s path (FBP) | | | | |
| | | 4a. FBP (10 dE | 3 attenuation) | 4b. F | BP, LNA on (0 d | B attenuation) |
| | | | 20 to 30 °C | Nom | inal | |
| Center frequency | | | | | | |
| | | ± 2.0 dB | ± 1.7 dB | ± 0.4 | dB | |
| 10 to 22.7 GHz > 22.7 to 39 GHz | | ± 2.0 dB ± 2.5 dB ± 3.1 dB | ± 1.7 dB ± 2.2 dB | ± 0.4 ± 0.8 | | |



11 GHz Analysis Bandwidth (Option EDC; requires option CRW)

Specifications on this bandwidth apply with center frequencies specified in table. All specifications apply under the following settings unless otherwise specified: preselector bypassed, PA off, LNA off, IF Gain = Auto, IF Gain Offset = 0 dB.

Requires options CRW and EDC; connected to Keysight M8131A 16/32 GSa/s Digitizer.

| 11 GHz analy | sis handwidth | (ontion | FDC: requir | es option CRW) |
|---------------|---------------|---------|--------------|----------------|
| i i Onz anaiy | SIS Danuwiuth | lobuou | LDO, require | |

| Analysis bandwidth range | 40 MHz to 11.0 GHz | |
|---|---|--|
| Funing range | 20.5 to 46 GHz using RF Input connector | |
| | 55.5 to 104.5 GHz using V3050A | |
| IF frequency | 6200 MHz (Final IF) | |
| ADC sample rate | 32 GSa/sec | |
| ADC resolution | 10 bits | |
| Final data format | I & Q pairs, 32 bits each, 64 bits/Sa | |
| Capture memory | 1 GB | |
| Length (IQ sample pairs) | 800 MSa (229 Sa) | |
| Maximum capture time (time record length) | 26 ms at full 11.0 GHz BW | |

Real-time Spectrum Analyzer (RTSA)

| A/D Converter Sample Rate | 4.8 Gsa/s (2.4 GHz complex) | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| Supported detectors | Peak, Negative Peak, S | ample, Average Voltag | e, Average Power (RN | /IS) | | |
| Number of display traces | Up to 6 | | | · | | |
| Available types of traces | Clear Write, Max Hold, M | /lin Hold | | | | |
| Window types | Hanning, Blackman-Har | ris, Rectangular, Flatto | p, Kaiser, Gaussian | | | |
| Resolutions bandwidths (RBW) (Default window type = Kaiser) Span 1 kHz 255 MHz 1 GHz | 240 to 255 MHz, 960 MF Flattop = 7 to 212 Gaussian, Blackman-Ha Kaiser = 13 to 418 Hanning = 17 to 551 Min RBW 1.86 Hz 447 kHz 1.78 MHz | V ratio for windows (No Hz to 1 GHz and from | Note: not applicable for spans from | | | |
| 2 GHz | 3.57 MHz | | 114 MHz | | | |
| | N9042RTAB | N9042RTBB | N9042RTEB | N9042RTFE | | |
| Maximum real-time analysis bandwidth | Up to 1 GHz | Up to 1 GHz | Up to 2 GHz | Up to 2 GHz | | |
| Minimum signal duration for 100% probability of intercept (POI) with full amplitude accuracy (with at least 50% overlap) | 15.4 µs | 227 ns | 15.4 µs | 227 ns | | |
| Histogram | Max 1 GHz BW (span) | | Max 2 GHz BW (sp | oan) | | |
| Maximum sample rate (Hz) | 1.247259439e9 | 1.247259439e9 | 2.4e9 | 2.4e9 | | |
| (Gap free) FFT processing rate | 4,687,500 FFT/sec | | | | | |
| FFT Length | 1024 | | | | | |
| Supported triggers | Free Run, Line, External 1, External 2, External 3, RF Burst, Periodic, FMT, ADC | | | | | |
| Number of markers | 12 | | | | | |



| Supported markers | Normal, Delta, Noise, Band Power | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| Filter Type | Gaussian, Flattop, Black | kman-Harris, Rectangu | ar, Hanning, Kaiser | | |
| Amplitude resolution | .01 dB | | | | |
| Frequency points | 821 | | 855 | | |
| RMS average | Yes | | | | |
| | 8.55 µs @ 170 MHz | 8 55 uc | 8.55 µs @ 170 MHz | 9 55 110 | |
| Minimum acquisition time | 236.45 µs @ 1 GHz | 8.55 µs | 239.4 µs @ 2 GHz | 8.55 µs | |
| Maximum acquisition time at widest bandwidth | | | | | |
| Spectrogram and Normal | 3.58 sec | | | | |
| Density view | 3.58 sec | | | | |
| Density and spectrogram | 3.58 sec | | | | |
| Density View | | | | | |
| | N9042RTAB | N9042RTBB | N9042RTEB | N9042RTFB | |
| Probability range | 0 to 100% | | | | |
| Minimum span | 1 kHz | 1 kHz | 1 kHz | 1 kHz | |
| Maximum span | 1 GHz | 1 GHz | 2 GHz | 2 GHz | |
| Persistence duration | Infinite, Finite | | | | |
| Color palettes | Cool, Warm, Grayscale, | Radar, Fire, Frost | | | |
| Spectrogram View | | ,,, | | | |
| | | | NOLADITED | | |
| Manifester and an address of the state | N9042RTAB | N9042RTBB | N9042RTEB | N9042RTFB | |
| Maximum number of acquisitions stored | 250,000 | | | | |
| Dynamic range covered by colors | 200 dB | | 0.55 | | |
| Minimum slice time | 8.55 µs @ 170 MHz 232.45 µs @ 1 GHz | 8.55 µs | 8.55 µs @ 170MHz 239.4 µs @ 2 GHz | 8.55 µs | |
| Power vs. Time | | | | | |
| | N9042RTAB | N9042RTBB | N9042RTEB | N9042RTFB | |
| Supported detectors | Peak, Negative Peak, S | ample, Average Voltag | ge, Average Power (RMS) | | |
| Supported triggers | Free Run, Line, Externa | | al 3, RF Burst, Periodic, FN | /IT, Level (PvT) ≤ 255 M | |
| | ADC | | | | |
| Number of markers | 12 | | | | |
| Maximum time view-bl- | 13.77 s @ 1 GHz | | 7.27 s @ 2 GHz | | |
| | 13.77 s @ 1 GHz | | | | |
| Minimum time viewable | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz | | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz | | |
| Minimum time viewable | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz | | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz | | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects | • | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz | POI. Does not include | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns | • | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz | POI. Does not include | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects | • | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz | POI. Does not include | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns | • | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz | POI. Does not include | |
| Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps | • | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% F | POI. Does not include | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a | • | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% F 535 ps | POI. Does not include | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a | • | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% F 535 ps | POI. Does not include | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a N9042RTAB | N9042RTBB | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% R 535 ps 418 ps | | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a N9042RTAB Density, Spectrogram, N | N9042RTBB | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% R 535 ps 418 ps | | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger setting resolution | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a N9042RTAB Density, Spectrogram, N 0.001dB | N9042RTBB Normal | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% F 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB | | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger setting resolution Trigger conditions | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a N9042RTAB Density, Spectrogram, N 0.001dB Enter, Leave, Inside, Ou | N9042RTBB Normal utside, Enter->Leave, L | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% F 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB Leave->Enter, TQT | N9042RTFB | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger setting resolution Trigger conditions Minimum time qualified trigger (TQT) duration | 13.96 μs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a N9042RTAB Density, Spectrogram, N 0.001dB Enter, Leave, Inside, Ou 14.77 μs @ 1 GHz | N9042RTBB Normal utside, Enter->Leave, L 231 ns @ 1 GHz | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% R 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB Leave->Enter, TQT 14.96 µs @ 2 GHz | | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger setting resolution Trigger conditions Minimum time qualified trigger (TQT) duration Minimum detectable signal duration with | 13.96 µs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a N9042RTAB Density, Spectrogram, N 0.001dB Enter, Leave, Inside, Ou | N9042RTBB Normal utside, Enter->Leave, L 231 ns @ 1 GHz | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% R 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB Leave->Enter, TQT 14.96 µs @ 2 GHz | N9042RTFB | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger setting resolution Trigger conditions Minimum time qualified trigger (TQT) duration Minimum detectable signal duration with > 6 0 dB signal to mask (StM) | 13.96 μs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a N9042RTAB Density, Spectrogram, N 0.001dB Enter, Leave, Inside, Ou 14.77 μs @ 1 GHz | N9042RTBB Normal utside, Enter->Leave, L 231 ns @ 1 GHz | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% R 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB Leave->Enter, TQT 14.96 µs @ 2 GHz | N9042RTFB | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger setting resolution Trigger conditions Minimum time qualified trigger (TQT) duration Minimum detectable signal duration with > 6 0 dB signal to mask (StM) • At 170 MHz | 13.96 μs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a Density, Spectrogram, N 0.001dB Enter, Leave, Inside, Ou 14.77 μs @ 1 GHz Note: Calculated with th 9.43 ns | N9042RTBB Normal utside, Enter->Leave, L 231 ns @ 1 GHz ie length 1024 Blackma | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% R 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB N9042RTEB Leave->Enter, TQT 14.96 µs @ 2 GHz an-Harris window 9.43 ns | N9042RTFB 214 ns @ 2 GHz | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger setting resolution Trigger conditions Minimum time qualified trigger (TQT) duration Minimum detectable signal duration with > 6 0 dB signal to mask (StM) • At 170 MHz • With option B2X (255 MHz) | 13.96 μs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a Note: Spectrogram, No.001dB Enter, Leave, Inside, Ou 14.77 μs @ 1 GHz Note: Calculated with th 9.43 ns 9.32 μs | N9042RTBB Normal utside, Enter->Leave, L 231 ns @ 1 GHz le length 1024 Blackma 9.43 ns 6.67 ns | 8.55 μs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% F 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB Leave->Enter, TQT 14.96 μs @ 2 GHz an-Harris window 9.43 ns 10.98 μs | N9042RTFB 214 ns @ 2 GHz 9.43 ns | |
| Minimum time viewable Maximum IF bandwidth Minimum detectable signal duration With option B2X With option R10 With option R15 With option R20 Frequency Mask Trigger (FMT) Trigger views Trigger views Trigger setting resolution Trigger conditions Minimum time qualified trigger (TQT) duration Minimum detectable signal duration with > 6 0 dB signal to mask (StM) | 13.96 μs @ 1 GHz 1 GHz Note: Signal must have analog front-end effects 3.33 ns 802 ps n/a n/a Density, Spectrogram, N 0.001dB Enter, Leave, Inside, Ou 14.77 μs @ 1 GHz Note: Calculated with th 9.43 ns | N9042RTBB Normal utside, Enter->Leave, L 231 ns @ 1 GHz ie length 1024 Blackma 9.43 ns | 8.55 µs @ 2 GHz 2 GHz k (StM) to maintain 100% R 535 ps 418 ps N9042RTEB N9042RTEB Leave->Enter, TQT 14.96 µs @ 2 GHz an-Harris window 9.43 ns | N9042RTFB 214 ns @ 2 GHz 9.43 ns 6.67 ns | |



| Span | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| N9042RTAB/ N9042RTEB | 2 GHz | 1.5 GHz | 1 GHz | 255 MHz | 170 MHz | 160 MHz | 120 MHz | 80 MHz | 40 MHz | 20 MHz |
| RBW1 | 0.64 | 0.76 | 1.04 | 3.62 | 5.13 | 5.45 | 7.26 | 10.89 | 21.79 | 43.58 |
| RBW2 | 0.43 | 0.49 | 0.63 | 1.92 | 2.71 | 2.88 | 3.84 | 5.76 | 11.53 | 23.05 |
| RBW3 | 0.32 | 0.35 | 0.42 | 1.06 | 1.50 | 1.599 | 2.13 | 3.197 | 6.39 | 12.79 |
| RBW4 | 0.27 | 0.28 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 1.28 | 1.91 | 3.83 | 7.66 |
| RBW5 | 0.24 | 0.25 | 0.27 | 0.424 | 0.599 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 1.27 | 2.55 | 5.09 |
| RBW6 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.32 | 0.45 | 0.48 | 0.64 | 0.95 | 1.90 | 3.81 |
| N9042RTBB/ N9042RTFB | 2 GHz | 1.5 GHz | 1 GHz | 255 MHz | 170 MHz | 160 MHz | 120 MHz | 80 MHz | 40 MHz | 20 MHz |
| RBW1 | 16.24 | 16.42 | 17.24 | 23.91 | 5.13 | 5.45 | 7.26 | 10.89 | 21.79 | 43.58 |
| RBW2 | 15.82 | 15.87 | 16.42 | 20.49 | 2.71 | 2.88 | 3.84 | 5.76 | 11.53 | 23.05 |
| RBW3 | 15.50 | 15.74 | 16.21 | 19.64 | 1.50 | 1.599 | 2.13 | 3.197 | 6.39 | 12.79 |
| RBW4 | 15.44 | 15.67 | 15.70 | 19.21 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 1.28 | 1.91 | 3.83 | 7.66 |
| RBW5 | 15.42 | 15.36 | 15.65 | 17.29 | 0.599 | 0.64 | 0.85 | 1.27 | 2.55 | 5.09 |
| RBW6 | 15.40 | 15.34 | 15.62 | 17.18 | 0.45 | 0.48 | 0.64 | 0.95 | 1.90 | 3.81 |

Minimum signal duration (in $\mu s)$ for 100% probability of FMT triggering with various signal to mask (StM) Note: Calculated with the length 1024 Blackman-Harris window

| Span | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| N9042RTAB/ N9042RTEB | 2 GHz | 1.5 GHz | 1 GHz | 255 MHz | 170 MHz | 160 MHz | 120 MHz | 80 MHz | 40 MHz | 20 MHz |
| 0 dB offset | 16.25 | 16.42 | 17.24 | 23.91 | 5.13 | 5.452 | 7.27 | 10.90 | 21.81 | 43.62 |
| 6 dB offset | 15.82 | 15.87 | 16.42 | 20.51 | 0.96 | 1.017 | 1.36 | 2.03 | 4.07 | 8.14 |
| 12 dB offset | 15.74 | 15.77 | 16.27 | 19.85 | 0.46 | 0.49 | 0.65 | 0.97 | 1.94 | 3.89 |
| 20 dB offset | 15.66 | 15.68 | 16.13 | 19.27 | 0.18 | 0.195 | 0.26 | 0.39 | 0.78 | 1.56 |
| 40 dB offset | 15.55 | 15.53 | 15.91 | 18.37 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.20 |
| 60 dB offset | 15.48 | 15.44 | 15.78 | 17.81 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.08 |
| N9042RTBB/ N9042RTFB | 2 GHz | 1.5 GHz | 1 GHz | 255 MHz | 170 MHz | 160 MHz | 120 MHz | 80 MHz | 40 MHz | 20 MHz |
| 0 dB offset | 0.64 | 0.76 | 1.04 | 3.63 | 5.13 | 5.45 | 7.27 | 10.90 | 21.81 | 43.62 |
| 6 dB offset | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.23 | 0.68 | 0.96 | 1.02 | 1.36 | 2.03 | 4.07 | 8.14 |
| 12 dB offset | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.32 | 0.46 | 0.49 | 0.65 | 0.97 | 1.94 | 3.89 |
| 20 dB offset | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.18 | 0.195 | 0.26 | 0.39 | 0.78 | 1.56 |
| 40 dB offset | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.20 |
| 60 dB offset | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.007 | 0.009 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.08 |



General Specifications

| Temperature range | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Operating | 0 to 40°C | 0 to 40°C | | | | | |
| Storage | -40 to +70 °C | | | | | | |
| Altitude | Operating: Up to 3,000 meters (9,842 feet) De-rate maximum temperature (40°C) by 1°C fo Non-operating: up to 4,600 m (approx. 15,091 fe | De-rate maximum temperature (40°C) by 1°C for every 200 meters above 2,000 meters. | | | | | |
| Maximum relative humidity | 95% up to 40°C, non-condensing | , | | | | | |
| Environment | | | | | | | |
| Indoor use | | | | | | | |
| Power requirements | | | | | | | |
| Voltage and frequency (nominal) | 100/120 V, 50/60/400 Hz 220/240 V, 50/60 Hz | The instruments can operate with mains supply voltage fluctuations up to \pm 10% of the nominal | | | | | |
| Rated input power | 900W with C20 input connector (maximum) 850W with C14 input connector (maximum) | voltage | | | | | |
| Power consumption, on | 811W (typical) | | | | | | |
| Power consumption, standby | 30 W | | | | | | |
| Display | | | | | | | |
| Resolution | 1280 x 800 | | | | | | |
| Size | 357 mm (14.1 in.) diagonal (nominal) capacitive | multi-touch screen | | | | | |
| Data storage | | | | | | | |
| Internal | Removable solid-state drive (≥ 256 GB) | | | | | | |
| External | Supports USB 3.0/2.0 compatible memory device | | | | | | |
| CPU | Modular, upgradeable; Intel i7, 6-core, 1.9 GHz of for instrument calibration data | clock, 32 GB DDR4 DRAM; includes secure memory | | | | | |
| Operating system | Windows-10, Enterprise | | | | | | |
| Weight (without option R40) | | | | | | | |
| Net | 38.6 kg (85 lbs) (nominal) | | | | | | |
| Shipping | 44.5 kg (98 lbs) (nominal) | | | | | | |
| Dimensions | | | | | | | |
| Height | 281 mm (11 in) | | | | | | |
| Width | 459 mm (18 in) | | | | | | |
| Length | 575 mm (22.6 in) | | | | | | |
| Calibration cycle | | | | | | | |

The recommended calibration cycle is one year; calibration services are available through Keysight service centers.



Inputs and Outputs

Front panel

| RF input | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Option 526, 544, 550 | 2.4 mm male, 50 Ω (nominal) (standard) | | | | | |
| | Adapter 2.4 mm to 3.5 mm included with Option 526 | | | | | |
| Internal calibrator output | | | | | | |
| Cal Out | 2.4 mm female, 10 MHz to 50 GHz internal calibrator output | | | | | |
| USB ports | | | | | | |
| Туре | Description | Connector | Output current | | | |
| Standard (2) | Compatible with USB 2.0 | USB Type-A female | 0.5 A | | | |
| USB 3.0 (2) | Compatible with USB 3.0 | USB Type-A female (blue) | 0.9 A | | | |
| USB C (1) | Compatible with USB Type-C | USB Type-C female | 5 V, 3.0 A 15 V, 3.0 A | | | |
| Wide IF out (enabled by option CRW |) | | | | | |
| Connector | SMA, female, 50 Ω nominal | | | | | |
| External frequency extender, wide ba | andwidth (option EXW), interface | e for use with V3050A | | | | |
| High LO Out | 2.4 mm female; licensed as option | | al analyzer frequency extender | | | |
| High LO out power | | · | | | | |
| Frequency range | Full range | | | | | |
| 9.8 to 50 GHz | 4.9 to 13.7 dBm | | | | | |
| External mixing (option EXM) | | | | | | |
| Connector | SMA, female, 50 Ω, (nominal) at I | F and L O frequencies | | | | |
| Functions | Diplexer, LO output and IF input | | | | | |
| IF input | | | | | | |
| Maximum safe level | +7 dBm | | | | | |
| | IF BW ≤ 25 MHz | | 322.5 MHz | | | |
| | 40 MHz IF path | | 250 MHz | | | |
| Center frequency | 255 MHz IF path | 690 MHz | | | | |
| | 1 GHz IF path | 690 MHz | | | | |
| Bandwidth | Supports all optional IFs up to and | d including R10 | | | | |
| ADC clipping level | 25, 255, or 1 GHz IF paths | | -15 dBm (nominal) | | | |
| | 40 MHz IF path | | -20 dBm (nominal) | | | |
| 1 dB gain compression Gain accuracy (The amplitude accuracy | -2 dB (nominal) | – " | 001.00.00 | | | |
| of a measurement includes this term | IF BW | Full range | 20 to 30 °C | | | |
| and the accuracy with which the settings of corrections model the loss of | IF BW ≤ 25 MHz (swept and narrowband) | ± 2.5 dB | ± 1.2 dB | | | |
| the external mixer.) | Wider IF BW | ± 1.2 dB (nominal) | | | | |
| · | Center frequency | Width | RMS (nominal) | | | |
| | 322.5 MHz | ± 5 MHz | 0.05 dB | | | |
| IF frequency response | 322.5 MHz | ± 12.5 MHz | 0.07 dB | | | |
| | 250 MHz | ± 20 MHz | 0.10 dB | | | |
| | 690 MHz | ± 127.5 MHz | 0.12 dB | | | |
| | 690 MHz | ± 500 MHz | 0.18 dB | | | |
| Noise figure (322.5 MHz, swept operation high IF gain) | 11 dB (nominal) | | | | | |
| VSWR | See plot below | | | | | |



| LO output | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Frequency range | 3.75 to 14.1 GHz | | | | | |
| | The LO output port power is compatible with Keysight M1970 and 11970 Series mixers except for the 11970K. The power is specified at the connector. Cable loss will affect the power available at the mixer. With non-Keysight/Agilent mixer units, supplied loss calibration data may be valid only at a specified LO power that may differ from the power available at the mixer. In such cases, additional uncertainties apply. | | | | | |
| Output power | Center frequency | Full range | 20 to 30°C | | | |
| | 3.75 to 8.72 GHz (LO Doubler = Off settings) | +13.5 to 19 dBm | +15 to 18 dBm | | | |
| | 7.8 to 14.1 GHz (LO Doubler = On setting. Fundamental frequency = 3.9 to 7.05 GHz) | N/A | +14 to 18.5 dBm | | | |
| Second harmonic | -20 dB (nominal) (LO Doubler = Off settings) | | | | | |
| Fundamental feedthrough and | -30 dB (nominal) | | | | | |
| undesired harmonics | (LO Doubler = On setting. Fundamental frequency = 3.9 to 7.05 GHz) | | | | | |
| VSWR (The reflection coefficient has a Rayleigh probability distribution from 3.75 GHz to 14.1 GHz with a median VSWR of 1.22:1.) | 1.8:1 (nominal) | | | | | |



Figure 8. External mixer IF input VSWR



Rear panel

| 10 MHz out | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Connector | BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal) |
| Output amplitude | ≥ 0 dBm (nominal) |
| Frequency | 10 MHz × (1+ frequency reference accuracy) |
| Ext ref in | |
| Connector | BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal) |
| Input amplitude range | -5 to 10 dBm (nominal) |
| Input frequency | 1 to 50 MHz (nominal) |
| Frequency lock range | \pm 2 x 10 ⁻⁶ of specified external reference input frequency |
| Trigger 1 and 2 inputs | |
| Connector | BNC female,10 kΩ (nominal) |
| Trigger level range | –5 to 5 V |
| Trigger 3 input (precision, for | wide-bandwidth measurements only) |
| Connector | SMA, female, 50 Ω (nominal) |
| Trigger level range | -5 to 5 V |
| Trigger 1 and 2 outputs | |
| Connector | BNC female, 50 Ω (nominal) |
| Trigger level range | 0 to 5 V (CMOS) (nominal) |
| DisplayPort | |
| Connector | DisplayPort |
| Resolution | 1280 x 800 |
| Noise source drive +28 V (pul | sed) |
| Connector | BNC female |
| SNS series noise source | For use with Keysight Technologies' SNS series noise sources |
| Connector | 12-pin circular |
| Analog out | |
| Connector | BNC female |
| USB ports | |
| USB 3.0 (4 ports) | |
| Standard | Compatible with USB 3.0 |
| Connector | USB Type-A female |
| Output current | 0.9 A |
| USB 3.0 (1 port) | |
| Standard | Compatible with USB 3.0 |
| Connector | USB Type-B female |
| GPIB interface | |
| Connector | IEEE-488 bus connector |
| GPIB codes | SH1, AH1, T6, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, C1, C2, C3, C28, DT1, L4, C0 |
| GPIB mode | Controller or device |
| Thunderbolt | |
| Connector | USB Type C, female (2 ports) |
| Output power | 5 V, 1.0 A max |
| Digital bus interface | |
| Connector | MDR-80 |
| LAN TCP/IP interface | |
| Standard | 1G Base-T |
| Connector | RJ45 Ethertwist |
| | |



Optical Data Interface (ODI)

| ODI physical interface char | racteristics | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Specification | | ODI-1: Physica | I Layer Specification, Revi | ision 3.0 | | | |
| Number of ODI ports | | 1 | | | | | |
| Connector | | MPO style, 2 rows of 12 fiber positions | | | | | |
| Lane rate | | 12.5 Gbit/s | | | | | |
| Interlaken burst max | | 2048 byte | | | | | |
| Flow control | | In-band | | | | | |
| Port directionality | | Producer only | | | | | |
| Port aggregation | | Not applicable | | | | | |
| Interlaken channels | | 1 channel (Ch (| | | | | |
| Streaming data rate | | Up to 9.6 GByte | e/s | | | | |
| ODI data format capability | | | | | | | |
| Specification | | | ort Layer, Revision 3.0 Speed Data Formats, Revi | sion 3.0 | | | |
| Packet types supported | | Data packets Context packet | s | | | | |
| Context packets | | | oackets supported: Data ir , sample rate, overrange c | ncludes bandwidth, IF frequency, RF frequency ount | | | |
| Control packets | | Not used | | | | | |
| Timestamp support | | Supported, time Typical accurac | e of day cy: System clock ± 20 μs | | | | |
| Trailer bit support | | Overrange Spectral inversion Incomplete packet | | | | | |
| Data format class IDs supporte | ed | See table below | | | | | |
| Signal data packet size | | Data size 65,536 bytes 16,384 16-bit IQ samples per packet 8,192 32-bit IQ samples per packet | | | | | |
| Supported data format and | class ID table | | | | | | |
| Item packing field width | Data item (signed) | Real or IQ | Data type identifier | Notes | | | |
| 32-bit | 16-bit | IQ | 0x18 | 16-bit I&Q for bandwidths > 255.176 MHz | | | |
| 64-bit | 32-bit | IQ | 0x20 | 32-bit I&Q for bandwidths ≤ 255.176MHz | | | |
| AUX IF output | | | | | | | |
| Connector | | SMA formale, al | ared by CD2_CDD and A | 1.1/ | | | |
| mpedance | | SMA female, shared by CR3, CRP and ALV 50 Ω nominal | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | |
| AUX IF output, second IF o | utput, licensed as of | otion CR3 (includ | ed as standard), IF pati | n ≤ 40 MHz) | | | |
| SA mode | | 322.5 MHz cen | 1 7 | | | | |
| Q analyzer with IF bandwidth | | 322.5 MHz cen | | | | | |
| IQ analyzer with IF path 40 MF | | 250 MHz center frequency | | | | | |
| Conversion gain (SA mode and bandwidth, 0 dB attenuation) | d up to 40 MHz | -1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response | | | | | |
| Bandwidth (-6 dB) | | | | | | | |
| < 3.6 GHz | | Up to 1 GHz nominal | | | | | |
| > 3.6 GHz, with preselector | | Depends on RF center frequency | | | | | |
| > 3.6 GHz, with preselector bypass | | 100 - 800 MHz ± 3 dB (nominal) IF frequency range | | | | | |
| | • | | | m analysis or IF path ≤ 40 MHz) | | | |
| IF Range | • | | | | | | |
| Resolution | | 0.5 MHz | 10 to 75 MHz (user selectable) | | | | |
| Conversion gain at RF center t attenuation | frequency with 0 dB | | -1 to +4 dB (nominal) plus RF frequency response | | | | |
| Lower output frequencies | | Subject to foldi | ng | | | | |



| Bandwidth | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Highpass corner frequency | 5 MHz (nominal) at -3 dB | | | | |
| Lowpass corner frequency | 120 MHz (nominal) at -3 dB | | | | |
| Bandwidth with output at 70 MHz | | | | | |
| < 3.6 GHz or > 3.6 GHz with preselector bypassed | 100 MHz nominal | | | | |
| Preselected band | Depends on RF center frequency | | | | |
| AUX IF output, Fast Log Video, licensed as opti | | MHz) | | | |
| General port specifications | | | | | |
| Connector | SMA female | | | | |
| Impedance | 50 Ω nominal | Shared with other options | | | |
| Fast Log Video output (preamp off, preselector | bypass for > 3.6 GHz) | | | | |
| Output voltage | Open-circuit voltages shown | | | | |
| Maximum | 1.6 V at –10 dBm nominal | | | | |
| Slope | 25 ± 1 mV/dB nominal | | | | |
| Rise Time | 15 ns nominal | | | | |
| Fall Time | 40 ns nominal | | | | |
| | Other cases, depends on bandwidth. | | | | |
| Y-axis video output, licensed as option YAV | | | | | |
| General port specifications | | | | | |
| Connector | BNC female | | | | |
| Impedance | 50 Ω nominal | Shared with other options | | | |
| Screen video | | | | | |
| Display scale types | Log or Lin | "Lin" is linear in voltage | | | |
| Log scales | All (0.1 to 20 dB/div) | | | | |
| Modes | Spectrum analyzer only | | | | |
| Gating | Gating must be off | | | | |
| Output scaling | 0 to 1.0 V open circuit, representing bott | om to top of screen | | | |
| Offset | ± 1% of full scale nominal | | | | |
| Gain accuracy | ± 1% of output voltage nominal | | | | |
| Log video (Log envelope) output | | | | | |
| Amplitude range (terminated with 50 Ω | | | | | |
| Maximum Seale factor | 1.0 V nominal for –10 dBm at the mixer | an in the signal any clars | | | |
| Scale factor | Output changes 1 V per 192.66 dB chan Set by RBW | ige in me signal envelope | | | |
| Bandwidth | Select Sweep Type = Swept | | | | |
| Operating conditions | Select Sweep Type = Swept | | | | |
| Linear video (AM demod) output | | | | | |
| Amplitude ranger (terminated with 50 Ω | | | | | |
| Maximum | 1.0 V nominal for signal envelope at the | reference level | | | |
| Minimum | 0 V | | | | |
| Scale factor | If carrier level is set to half the reference level in volts, the scale factor is 200% of carrier level per volt. Regardless of the carrier level, the scale factor is 100% of reference level per volt. | | | | |
| Bandwidth | Set by RBW | | | | |



Regulatory Information

This product is designed for use in INSTALLATION CATEGORY II and POLLUTION DEGREE 2 and MEASUREMENT CATEGORY NONE per IEC 61010-1, and 664 respectively.

This product has been designed and tested in accordance with accepted industry standards and has been supplied in a safe condition. The instruction documentation contains information and warnings which must be followed by the user to ensure safe operation and to maintain the product in a safe condition.

This product is intended for indoor use.

| CE | The CE mark is a registered trademark of the European Community (if accompanied by a year, it is the year when the design was proven). This product complies with all relevant directives. |
|---------------------------|---|
| ccr.keysight@keysight.com | The Keysight email address is required by EU directives applicable to our product. |
| CAN ICES/NMB-001(A) | Canada EMC label. Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) equipment. Matériel industriel, scientifique et médical (ISM) |
| ISM 1-A (GRP.1 CLASS A) | This is a symbol of an Industrial Scientific and Medical Group 1 Class A product. (CISPR 11, Clause 4) |
| c SP us | The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the CSA International. |
| \bigotimes | The RCM mark is a registered trademark of the Australian Communications and Media Authority. |
| UK CA | UK conformity mark is a UK government owned mark. Products showing this mark comply with all applicable UK regulations. |
| X | This symbol indicates separate collection for electrical and electronic equipment mandated under EU law as of August 13, 2005. All electric and electronic equipment are required to be separated from normal waste for disposal (Reference WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC). The crossed out wheeled bin symbol indicates that separate collection for waste electric and electronic equipment (WEEE) is required, as obligated by the EU DIRECTIVE and other National legislation. |
| - | Please refer to keysight.com/go/takeback to understand your Trade in options with Keysight in addition to product takeback instructions. |
| 40 | China Restricted Substance Product Label. The EPUP (environmental protection use period) number in the center indicates the time period during which no hazardous or toxic substances or elements are expected to leak or deteriorate during normal use and generally reflects the expected useful life of the product. |
| 0 | Universal recycling symbol. This symbol indicates compliance with the China standard GB 18455-2001 as required by the China RoHS regulations for paper/fiberboard packaging. |
| ∱ ≌́> | More than one person is required to safely lift or carry this instrument. Alternately a mechanical lift can be used to eliminate the risk of personal injury. |
| | South Korean Certification (KC) mark; includes the marking's identifier code. |
| * | This symbol indicates the presence of a class 1 Laser device |



Regulatory, environmental and certifications

| EMC | Complies with the essential requirements of the European EMC Directive and the UK Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declaration of Conformity): IEC/EN 61326-1 CISPR 11 Group 1, Class A Caution : This equipment is not intended for use in residential environments and may not provide adequate protection to radio reception in such environments.AS/NZS CISPR 11 ICES/NMB-001 This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001 Cet appareil ISM est conforme a la norme NMB-001 du Canada NOTE: This is a sensitive measurement apparatus by design and may have some performance loss (up to 25 dBm above the Spurious Responses, Residual specification of –100 dBm) when exposed to 3V/m ambient continuous electromagnetic phenomenon in the range of 80 MHz to 6 GHz (similar to those used in testing per IEC 61000-4-3). |
|---|--|
| South Korean Class A EMC declaration | This equipment has been conformity assessed for use in business environments. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference. This EMC statement applies to the equipment only for use in business environment. |
| Safety | Complies with the essential requirements of the European Low Voltage Directive as well as current editions of the following standards (dates and editions are cited in the Declaration of Conformity): IEC/EN 61010-1 Canada: CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1 USA: UL std no. 61010-1 WARNING "WARNING: EMBEDDED CLASS 1 INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION. DO NOT EXPOSE USERS OR VIEW DIRECTLY WITH TELESCOPES" |
| Acoustic statement (European Machinery Directive) | Acoustic noise emission LpA < 70 dB Operator position Normal operation mode per ISO 7779 Acoustic noise - more information (Values given are per ISO 7779 standard in the "Operator Sitting" position) Ambient temperature (< 40 °C) Nominally under 55 dBA Sound Pressure. Ambient temperature (≥ 40 °C) Nominally under 65 dBA Sound Pressure. |
| Environmental stress | Samples of this product have been type tested in accordance with the Keysight Environmental Test Manual and verified to be robust against the environmental stresses of storage, transportation, and end-use; those stresses include, but are not limited to, temperature, humidity, shock, vibration, altitude, and power line conditions; test methods are aligned with IEC 60068-2 and levels are similar to MILPRF-28800F Class 3. |

To find a current Declaration of Conformity for a specific Keysight product, go to: http://www.keysight.com/go/conformity



Additional resources

The N9042B UXA X-Series signal analyzer isn't the only thing that will bring you to RF breakthroughs. Powerful software drives your measurements while finely tuned hardware takes them to new heights. In order to move the measurement plane to your device under test, reach even higher levels of measurement accuracy, and achieve 4 GHz of signal analysis and generation, the N9042B UXA partners with the:

- PathWave X-Series measurement applications and PathWave Vector Signal Analysis (VSA)
- V3050A frequency extender for an unbanded, preselected frequency range to 110 GHz
- U9361 RCal receiver calibrator for improved receiver test system accuracy by 10X
- M9383B VXG signal generator for wideband stimulus and response testing
- N9042B UXA Signal Analyzer Configuration Guide (3121-1036.EN)

www.keysight.com/find/N9042B

Confidently Covered by Keysight Services

Prevent delays caused by technical questions and reduce system downtime due to instrument maintenance and repairs with Keysight Services. Keysight Services are here to support your test needs with expert technical support, instrument repair and calibration, software support, training, alternative acquisition program options, and more.

A KeysightCare agreement provides dedicated, proactive support through a single point of contact for instruments, software, and solutions. KeysightCare covers an extensive group of instruments, application software, and solutions and ensures optimal uptime, faster response, faster access to experts, and faster resolution.

| Offering | Benefits |
|---|---|
| KeysightCare | KeysightCare provides elevated support for Keysight instruments and software, with access to technical support experts that respond within a specified time and ensure committed repair and calibration turnaround times (TAT). |
| 🥵 Keysightcare | KeysightCare offers multiple service agreement tiers, including KeysightCare Assured, Enhanced, and Application Software Support. See the KeysightCare data sheet for details. |
| KeysightCare Assured | KeysightCare Assured goes beyond basic warranty with repair services that include committed TAT and unlimited access to technical experts. |
| KeysightCare Enhanced | KeysightCare Enhanced includes all the benefits of KeysightCare Assured plus Keysight's accurate and reliable Calibration Services, accelerated, and committed TAT, and technical response. |
| Keysight Support Portal & Knowledge Center | All KeysightCare tiers include access to the Keysight Support Portal where you can manage support and service resources related to your assets such as service requests, and status, or browse the Knowledge Center. |
| Education Services | Build confidence and gain new skills to make accurate measurements, with flexible Education Services developed by Keysight experts. Including Start-up Assistance. |
| Alternative acquisition option | S |
| KeysightAccess | Reduce budget challenges with a leased-based subscription service, that offers low monthly payments, enabling you to get the instruments, software, and technical support you want for your test needs. |

Keysight services



Recommended services

Maximize your test system up-time by securing technical support, repair, and calibration services with committed response and turnaround times. 1-year KeysightCare Assured is included in every new instrument purchase. Obtain multi-year KeysightCare upfront to eliminate the need for lengthy and tedious paperwork and yearly requests for maintenance budget. Plus, you benefit from secured service for 2, 3, or 5 years.

| Service | Function |
|------------------------------------|--|
| KeysightCare Enhanced ¹ | Includes tech support, warranty and calibration |
| R-55B-001-1 | KeysightCare Enhanced – Upgrade 1 year |
| R-55B-001-2 | KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 2 years |
| R-55B-001-3 | KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 3 years (Recommended) |
| R-55B-001-5 | KeysightCare Enhanced – Extend to 5 years (Recommended) |
| KeysightCare Assured | Includes tech support and warranty |
| R-55A-001-2 | KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 2 years |
| R-55A-001-3 | KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 3 years |
| R-55A-001-5 | KeysightCare Assured – Extend to 5 years |
| Start-Up Assistance | |
| PS-S40-01 | Included – instrument fundamentals and operations starter |
| PS-S40-04 | Recommended – instrument fundamentals and operations starter |
| PS-S40-02 | Optional, technology & measurement science standard learning |

1. Available in select countries. For details, please view the datasheet. R-55B-001-2/3/5 must be ordered with R-55B-001-1.

Keysight enables innovators to push the boundaries of engineering by quickly solving design, emulation, and test challenges to create the best product experiences. Start your innovation journey at www.keysight.com.



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